THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY ALBERT PIKE & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., TUESDAY, JULY 21, 1868. VOL. XVIII.—NO. 310

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

FOR PRESIDENT,

HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

FRANK P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

THE PLATFORM.

The Democratic party, in National Convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism and discriminating justice of the people; standing upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government, and the guarantee of the liberties of the citizen; and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled for all time to come by the war or the voluntary action of the Southern states in Constitutional Conventions assembled, and never to be renewed or re-stated; do, with the return of peace, demand,

1. Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union under the Constitution and civil government of the American people.

2. Amnesty for all past political offenses, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens, and the payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable.

3. All money drawn from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government, economically administered, should be honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in gold, they ought, in right and justice, be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

4. Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, excluding Government bonds, and other public securities.

5. One currency for the Government and the people, the laborer and the office-holder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder.

6. Economy in the administration of the Government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolishment of the freedmen's bureau, and all political instrumentalities designed to secure negro supremacy; simplification of the system and the discontinuance of inquisitorial boards for assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened; the credit of the Government and the currency made good; the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into National forces in time of peace; a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without injuring the revenue, impose the least burden up on and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

7. Reform of abuses in the Administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from offices, the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of right and authority to, and the independence of the Executive and Judicial departments of the Government, the subordination of the military to the civil power, to end the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

8. Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native-born citizens at home and abroad; an assertion of American nationality, which shall command the respect of foreign powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling or national liberty, constitutional liberty and individual rights, and a full maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance, and the claims of foreign powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction.

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for the high crimes of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career, after the most solemn and unanimous pledges of both Houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the Government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution.

It has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge under which was called that noble volunteer army, which carried our flag to victory.

Instead of restoring the Union, it has, so far as in its power, dissolved it, and subjected the States in time of peace to military despotism and negro supremacy.

It has nullified there the right of trial by jury.

It has abolished the habeas corpus, that most sacred writ of liberty.

It has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press.

It has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and secret star Chamber inquisitions, for constitutional tribunals.

It has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from search and seizures.

It has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private bonds of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters, without any specification or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law.

It has converted the American capitol into a bastile.

It has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would now care to resort.

It has abolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the supreme judiciary tribunal, and turned on to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which it is now exceedingly difficult to restore, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies, merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President.

Its corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the amount of debt created during the war.

It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment, even of his own cabinet.

Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next and inaugurate its President we will meet as a subject and conquered people amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British crown, the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated and controlled exclusively by the political power of each; that any interference with, attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or interfere with this exercise, is a usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution, and, if sanctioned by the people, will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single, centralized, consolidated government in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely absorbed, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a Federal Union of equal States.

That we regard the reconstruction acts of Congress, so-called, as usurpations, unconstitutional, revolutionary and void, and that our soldiers and sailors who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed widely among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre-emption or homestead laws, and sales in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants at the minimum price as established by the Government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed, necessary to the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sale of such lands and not the lands themselves should be so appropriated.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress on the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and in behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard.

Upon this platform the Democratic party appeal to every patriot, including all the conservative element and all who desire to support the Constitution and restore the Union, forgetting all past differences of opinion, to unite with us in the present great struggle for the liberties of the people, and that to all such, to whatever party they may have heretofore belonged, we extend the right hand of fellowship and hail all such co-operating with us as friends and brothers.

Democratic National Executive Committee.

The following is the complete list of the National Executive Committee, one member being named by each State Delegation:

Alabama—John Forsyth.
Arkansas—John M. Hamel.
California—John Singler.
Connecticut—Wm. M. Converse.
Delaware—Samuel Townsend.
Florida—Charles E. Dyke.
Illinois—Wilber F. Story.
Indiana—Wm. E. Niblack.
Iowa—Daniel J. Finch.
Kansas—Isaac Eaton.
Kentucky—Thos. C. McCreery.
Louisiana—James C. Mecloskey.
Maine—Sylvanus Leyman.
Maryland—Otho Scott.
Massachusetts—Fred. O Prince.
Michigan—Wm. G. Moore.
Minnesota—Charles W. Nash.
Mississippi—E. Barker.
Missouri—Charles A. Mantz.
Nebraska—S. S. Miller.
Nevada—J. W. McCorkle.
New Hampshire—Harry Bingham.
New Jersey—John McGregor.
New York—August Belmont.
North Carolina—Amos Gregg.
Ohio—John G. Thompson.
Oregon—J. C. Hawthorne.
Pennsylvania—Isaac Leidster.
Rhode Island—Gilbert Hazard.
South Carolina—Chas. Swinton.
Tennessee—John W. Leftwich.
Texas—John Hancock.
Vermont—H. B. Smith.
Virginia—John Goode.
West Virginia—John Hall.
Wisconsin—Fred W. Horn.

BUCK EYE SALVE,

A CERTAIN CURE FOR PILES.

Sold by MANSFIELD & HIGBEE,
jy1 20 and 303 Main street.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

The APPEAL, the largest and cheapest weekly paper in Tennessee, will be sent to subscribers for the ensuing four months as a campaign paper, at the very low rates given below.

As a Campaign paper, the APPEAL will make its readers acquainted with all current political events, and whatever else may be of interest. It will express its own opinions fully and freely as heretofore, and continue to observe the rules of conduct that have always governed it. It has no new promises to make.

THE WEEKLY CAMPAIGN APPEAL

Will be supplied to Clubs for the four ensuing months:

5 copies for		$ 5 00
10	" "	8 00
15	" "	10 00
20	" "	12 00

A copy gratis will be sent to the friend who sends us a Club at these rates.

The Daily paper will be sent to Clubs at $3 for four months.

TENNESSEE.

—A new Radical Daily is to be started in Nashville.

—The ex Confederate and Federal soldiers organized a Seymour and Blair club yesterday. Col. Frank P. Cahill was elected President.—*Nash Gazette.*

—Henry Farmer's concert, in which he will be assisted by the best talent of Nashville, was to have come off in that city last night.

—T. O. Crawford, the Revenue Inspector found guilty of selling his brands, was yesterday granted a new trial in the Federal Court, and the case was continued until the next term. It is said that Crawford wept like a child on the announcement of his conviction.

—It is a fact worthy of note that the Israelites of Nashville played a prominent part in the grand Seymour demonstration Thursday night. The enemies of proscription everywhere, of whatever class or nationality, will vote solid against the perpetuation of Radicalism this fall.

—The Murfreesboro *Monitor* has the following: A young lady named Miss Ezell, living six miles from Franklin, was brutally outraged by a negro on Thursday morning. The young lady at the time of the perpetration of the outrage, was within six hundred yards of her home. A number of citizens armed themselves and went in pursuit of the fiend, and it is supposed that ere this he has paid the penalty of his horrible crime.

—The Trenton *Gazette* says: During the last ten days there have been rains throughout the county, and in many places very abundant, so that the crops are doing comparatively well. The corn will be a reasonable crop under any circumstances, and with seasonable rains henceforward the yield will be very abundant. The cotton is doing well and promises to be a fair yield, the fields are now full of blooms everywhere. Gardens are not doing so well, vegetables having been considerably injured before the rains set in.

SATURDAY'S TRAIN, M. & C. RAILROAD,
TUKA, MISS., July 18, 1868.

Editor Memphis Daily Appeal:

I have just parted with W. B. Waldrau, Esq., Secretary and Treasurer Memphis and Little Rock Railroad, Col. M. J. Wicks, President, and Col. W. J. Ross, Superintendent Memphis and Charleston Railroad, Col. T. A. Nelson, President Memphis Chamber of Commerce, Col. Pitser Miller, Col. Landon C. Haynes and Maj. Jos. E. Haynes, on their return from the Commercial and Immigration Convention at Bristol, Tenn., and where Memphis interests were so ably and satisfactorily represented by these gentlemen, who were appointed by our Chamber of Commerce. The Convention was composed of about 500 delegates principally from Tennessee and Virginia, and embodied the brain and business pluck of the entire line from Memphis to Norfolk, and which resulted in the adoption of measures that will ensure the early establishment of a line of steamers from Norfolk to Liverpool direct, and the perfection of a through line for passengers and freight from Norfolk to Memphis.

The Convention was a most decided success, and more perfect harmony of sentiment and action has never prevailed in any assemblage of business men in the South, and all thoroughly alive and pledged to prosecute to success the important interests involved.

Memphis may feel proud of the laurels won by her delegation and the honor conferred upon our esteemed and most worthy fellow-citizen Col. T. A. Nelson, who was unanimously called to the Presidency of the Convention.

On my arrival at home, I was still more encouraged on opening a letter from Mr. John Everitt, dated London, England, July 21, from which I am pleased to make the following extracts, showing the interest felt and the action that is being taken in Europe, exactly meeting our movements and requirements here:

"It was very gratifying to me to read the articles contained in your city and other Southern papers, touching the subject of 'European Immigration,' and I hasten to express my most earnest wishes for your entire success, not only on your own account, but also on account of your country, which by this means I believe is to be more largely helped, than by any other. The experience of all people since the world began, goes to prove that *from the soil* must spring in the first instance the beginnings of its prosperity and its wealth less costly in its operations and less capricious in its character than manufacturing enterprise, and must be regarded the basis upon which a nation's prosperity can most safely, and, indeed, can only be built. Let but this be earnestly prosecuted and largely developed, and the surplus of profits will then naturally flow to the building up manufactures and assisting all enterprises for the development of the hidden wealth of your most beautiful country.

"Our firm will be most ready to give publicity in every possible way to your objects, and to assist your movements both for sale of Southern lands and the equally important subject of their colonization by Europeans.

"Arrangements are on foot here for the supply of a steam fleet between Liverpool and Norfolk, both for the produce of the South to find its cheapest and readiest access to Europe, and for the people of the old country to make transmigration to the South."

Yours truly,
W. B. DONOHO,
European Emigration Agency.

LOUISIANA.

—There will probably be nothing done on the road to Texas from New Orleans, says the New Orleans *Times*, before September. No bids have as yet been made for the road.

—The Shreveport *Southwestern* says there have been several good rains in different portions of Caddo parish, by which the crops will be greatly benefitted.

—The Baton Rouge *Advocate* says: "Colored Democratic barbecues are becoming very popular in East Louisiana. One will be given at Port Hudson, Saturday, July 25th, and another will be given a few days afterwards on the plains, in this parish."

—The Farmersville *Record* says: We learn that Hon. J. F. Fuller, Dr. Fuller and Capt. J. G. Taylor will leave in a few days for the Indian Nation lying north of the western portion of Arkansas, and embracing a large extent of country between the Red and Arkansas rivers.

—The Baton Rouge *Advocate* asks what is being done by the Levee Board in reference to Grand Levee, and adds that if the securing of contracts is delayed much longer, it will be too late to secure the completion of the work in time to be of service.

—The Bastrop *Dispatch*, of the 10th, says the dry weather has injured the corn crop, and that there will be barely sufficient made for home consumption. There had not been sufficient rain in Bastrop in three months to lay the dust. The cotton crop, however, is reported to be looking remarkably well.

—In one of the concert saloons of the city the wall behind the counter is divided and fitted up so as to present an almost exact resemblance to the ovens or vaults seen on the inner sides of our city graveyards. These vaults, which suggest the tomb of the Capulets, appear to be made of granite impaneled with marble, but instead of the words "In Memoriam," "*Ci gît*," or "Sacred to the Memory," the marble tablets have no other adornment than the simple words "Gin," "Whisky," "Brandy," etc. To judge from the appearance of these spiritual sarcophagi, they might have been erected by some Artemisia to contain the remains of a Mausoleus dissolved to liquor.—*New Orleans Times.*

—Speaking of the Avery Salt Mines, which are lying idle, with no prospect of being worked for years, perhaps, to come, the New Orleans *Times* says: It is a pretty good joke upon us, now, that with one of the most magnificent deposits of salt in the world within a hundred or so miles of our doors, we have to send to Europe for that of similar quality.

Slips on the Stage.

Now and then slips have occurred in which the mispronunciation of a word has given it a meaning so incongruous as to cover the actor, who had been involuntarily guilty of it, with confusion. Audiences, or rather portions of audiences, not overburdened with refinement, have generally hailed these awkward slips with uproarious hilarity; the other portion has remained discreetly silent, as if it lacked ears whereby to receive offense, or tongues to resent it. Downes, the old prompter of Charles II's days, has recorded one of these misfortunes. It occurred to a lady, Mistress Holden, a kinswoman of Nell Gwynne. She was playing in "Romeo and Juliet," when a fatal word-slip unintentionally from her lips; and as she happened at the moment to give it "vehement action," says Downes, "it put the house into such a laughter that London bridge at low water was silence to it."

Charles Kemble once slipped in a like direction; but the most amusing instance of an error committed by him against text and author, was when he was playing Shylock, and instead of asking: "Shall I lay perjury upon my soul?" overturned the text by exclaiming: "Shall I lay surgery upon my poll?"

This is said to be—what Miss Edgeworth used to empathically affirm of incidents in her stories—"Facts!"

Less faith, we think, can be assigned to almost a better and better-known story, which made the soldier, who levels his halberd to prevent Richard from impeding the progress of Henry's funeral, with the remark: "My lord, stand back, and let the coffin pass!" exclaim, in his hurry and confusion: "My lord, stand back, and let the coffin hang!"

Such a mistake, however, has many a parallel. On the French stage a young actor having to shout: "Sonnez, trompettes!" knocked all the majesty out of the command by his shout: "Trompez, sonnettes!"

And indeed, the French stage can furnish a parallel to the story of the error of Mrs. Holden which made a full house so hilarious. The story is told in the correspondence of the Princess Palatine, under date of 1719. She was then at Marly, where the players acted before the presence of the court. One of them performing Mithridates, happened by unlucky change of letter to address to Monime a word that conveyed great offense in the utterance. The unlucky actor, in his confusion, made matters worse by turning to the royal box, in which the Dauphiness was the most conspicuous personage, and saying with great contrition:

"Madam, I most humbly ask your pardon; my tongue unwittingly tripped me up!"

The Dauphin was so tickled by the incident that he not only fell into an uncontrollable fit of laughter, but fell backward from his seat. To save himself he grasped at the cord which kept the curtain up, and the curtain coming down by the run, struck against the lamps, and caught fire. The flames were immediately extinguished, but the curtain could not be raised, and the play was acted out, the audience looking at the performers through the gap caused by the fire.

Now and then pleasant incidents of the French comic stage, however, occurred when the Emperor Napoleon jokingly kissed the Empress Josephine, who was acting a little operatic part in the theater in the palace at St. Cloud. She demurely stepped forward and remarked, that any one of the audience who was dissatisfied with the performance might retire, and have his money returned him at the door. The consequent laughter was uproarious.

There are other slips on the stage than those made by words. At the beginning of the last century, on the French stage, the slipping of Baron's garter led to a traditional action observed in the part by every succeeding player; and the other night only, at the Varieties, the slipping of M'lle Chaumont's petticoat produced an amusing incrinkeraid effect. In the first case the great French actor was performing the Earl of Essex, and his garter slipped down his knee in the scene where only he and Lord Cecil were on the stage. Such a personage Essex might treat with indifference or contempt; and accordingly he replaced the dropped band around his leg, while he continued to address Cecil in a disdainful tone. The effect was so successful that succeeding actors adopted the incident or affecting to tighten the garter as a good "bit of business," and the tradition continued to be observed as long as Le Comte d'Essex continued to be acted. M'lle Chaumont's slip was of another character. It taxed her readiness in an emergency, and did not find her wanting. She was playing a soubrette in "Nos Gens," and was engaged running to and fro to collect and burn the presents of various old lovers. In the middle of her action she was impeded by her petticoat suddenly falling about her legs. Of course it was a very pretty article of its sort, and she got out of it, and of the embarassment which had come with it, by describing it as a tribute of admiration from one of her old admirers, which must be sacrificed like the rest; and she thrust it into the stage fire accordingly with a merry laugh, and amid the general hilarity of the house.

EAGLE COTTON GINS.

WE are the Sole Agents for the sale of these CELEBRATED GIN Stands, for Memphis and vicinity. For beauty of STAPLE, LIGHTNESS OF DRAFT, AND QUANTITY OF LINT COTTON turned out per day, they are unsurpassed. Reference—any one using one of these gins. We defy competition. Before purchasing elsewhere call and see them in operation. Where cane power is used, they make a saving of from one-quarter to one-third in the draft OVER ANY OTHER GIN. We are also agents for STRAUB'S GRIST MILLS, and WHEELER, CLEMSON & CO.'S CIRCULAR SAWS.

MORGAN & CO.,
Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery and Guns,
322½ and 324 Main Street,
jy11 3m Memphis, Tenn.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order from T. J. Latham, Register in bankruptcy for the Western District of Tennessee, there will be a second general meeting of the creditors of W. H. Grider, Bankrupt, at said Register's office, No. 490 Main street, at 10 o'clock a.m., on the 4th day of August next.

C. A. LEFFINGWELL,
jy12 2t Assignee.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Noon Dispatches.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The *Globe* newspaper, published in the City of Mexico, asserts that correspondence had taken place between the Ministry of Relations and the United States Legation. A difficulty had arisen between the two departments, on account of the expulsion by the Mexican Government, of Mr. Napoleon Vernon, who claimed to be an Imperial citizen.

On the morning of the 6th of July, it was discovered, on opening the safe of the Importers' and Traders' Bank, corner of Broadway and Murray streets, that $50,000 in bonds and cash had disappeared. There was no evidence whatever of any burglary having been committed. All knowledge of the affair was confined to the bank officers and police until it leaked out yesterday. No trace has yet been obtained of the thieves or their booty.

CHARLESTON, July 20.—A fatal distemper, or dry murrain, is prevailing among the cattle throughout Georgia. Quite a number of fine milk cows in that State have died of the disease. It is on the increase, and in almost every instance proves fatal.

BOSTON, July 20.—The Novia Scotia delegates, who visited England for the purpose of obtaining the release of their province from the Canadian Confederation, returned to Halifax on the 15th instant, and were warmly welcomed by the populace.

A delegate who had been over to advocate the Confederation, also returned with them, and was received with hisses and a demonstration toward throwing him overboard.

Notice to Tax Payers of Shelby County, Tenn.

THE Tax Books for the year 1868 are now ready, and I will immediately proceed to collect according to law.

All tax payers who have personal property must come forward at once or they will find their taxes in the hands of Constables, who are authorized to distrain a sufficiency to pay all taxes.

I will attend at the following places for the purposes of receiving State and County taxes for the year 1868:

District No. 1, English's, Monday, Sept. 7.
District No. 2, Hatchie Bridge, Tuesday, Sept. 8.
District No. 3, Wynn's Store, Wednesday, Sept. 9.
District No. 4, Old Union Church, Thursday, Sept. 10.
District No. 5, Engine House No. 3, Friday, Sept. 11.
District No. 6, Raleigh, Saturday, Sept. 12.
Beat 2, No. 7, Union Depot, Monday, Sept. 14.
District No. 8, Log Union, Tuesday, Sept. 15.
District No. 9, Fisherville, Wednesday, September 16.
District No. 10, Collierville, Thursday, Sept. 17.
District No. 11, Germantown, Friday, Sept. 18.
District No. 12, Mechanicsville, Saturday, Sept. 19.
District No. 13, Arnold's, Monday, Sept. 21.
District No. 14, Tax Collector's office, Tuesday, Sept. 22.
District No. 15, Handwerker's Grocery, Wednesday, Sept. 23.
District No. 16, High Hill, Thursday, Sept. 24.
District No. 17, French Palace, Friday, September 25.

The attention of tax payers is directed to the following provisions of "An act to amend the Revenue laws of this State, passed March 15, 1866:"

SEC. 17. *Be it further enacted*, That in order to secure the prompt collection of the revenue derived from taxes on real estate and personalties, that all such taxes shall be, and they are hereby declared due and payable on the 1st day of November in every year for which said taxes were assessed; and provided, the payment of said taxes is deferred and not paid on or before the following first day of November of each and every year, a penalty of two per cent. in amount of taxes to each person for such non-payment shall be, and the same is hereby imposed, which shall be collected by the Tax Collector in addition to the regularly assessed taxes; if not paid before the first day of the following month of December, a penalty of five per cent. shall be, and the same is hereby imposed and shall be collected as aforesaid; if not paid before the property is advertised for sale, a penalty of twenty-five per cent. shall be, and the same hereby imposed, which penalty shall attach and be collected whenever the taxes to which said penalty shall be paid.

SEC. 18. *Be it further enacted*, That it shall, in no case be lawful for Tax Collectors to give a receipt for taxes to any individual who shall have incurred either of the penalties embraced in section 17, unless said penalty is paid with the taxes, together with such costs and fees as may have legitimately accrued on same; and in addition thereto, showing the exact condition of the tax books in every county, shall be made by the Tax Collectors of said county on the first day of November, December and January of every year, and the same shall be filed with the County Court clerk, and a copy of the same shall be forwarded to this Comptroller of the State.

SEC. 19. *Be it further enacted*, That in case any property is sold by the Tax Collector for the non-payment of taxes, costs, fees and penalty, shall, in the aggregate, be subjected to an additional penalty of fifty per cent., and whenever such property is purchased by individuals by the city, or by the State for the benefit of public institutions, it shall, at no time, or under no circumstances whatever, except upon the payment of the fifty per cent. penalty, together with the taxes, costs, fees and previous penalty attaching at the time of the advertisement of said property, and also the interests on the aggregate amount, for the time elapsing after sale.

SEC. 20. *Be it further enacted*, That in case property sold for taxes is not redeemed within one year from the time of sale, a further penalty of fifty per cent. shall be and the same hereby is imposed; which penalty shall attach to all previous penalties, taxes, costs, fees and interest that may have accrued at the end of the year on the property sold; and it shall at no time thereafter be redeemed, whether sold to individuals, city or State, for the benefit of public institutions, except on full payment of all the penalties imposed, together with taxes, accrued costs, and the interest on the aggregate amount of taxes, fees, costs and penalties for such time as said have elapsed from the date the last penalty was imposed.

SEC. 21. *Be it further enacted* That the title in all the property disposed of at public sale for the non-payment of taxes, shall, if not redeemed before the expiration of two years from the day of sale, be absolutely in the party or parties that purchased said property at public sale, or in their heirs or assigns, and shall be free from all claim on the part of the former owner: *Provided* That said parties shall have paid promptly all taxes on the same.

SEC. 22. *Be it further enacted*, That real estate sold for taxes shall be redeemable at the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, to receive from the owner or such real estate or his agent, the taxes, costs, charges and penalties imposed by this act, at any time after such sale has been made, within two years from the date of said sale, after the expiration of which time the Tax Collector, or his successor, shall execute deeds to all such real estate as has not been redeemed as aforesaid, to the purchaser, upon his application, as now provided by law.

SEC. 23 *Be it further enacted*, That it shall not be necessary, in order to carry a good and valid title to real estate sold for taxes, that the Tax Collector should give the date and number of entry, or either, or date or number of number either; but in case of grantee, or number of range or section, or the name of the true owner of such real estate; but it shall only be necessary to give such description of real estate reported for non payment of public taxes as shall be necessary in order to identify the same with reasonable certainty.

SEC. 27. *Be it further enacted*, That all laws and parts of laws coming in conflict with this act, and the same are hereby repealed; and that this Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

WM. McLEAN,
Tax Collector, Shelby County, Tenn.
Office on Greenlaw Building, corner of Second and Union, room No. 4. jy17 1m

Notice.

MEMPHIS & CHARLESTON RAILROAD,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, Tenn. July 10, 1868.

ON and after the 15th inst., travel to the Springs on the line of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad will be charged at Full Fare Ranger Rates.

The fare of local business travel on the road having taken advantage of the privilege extended to visitors to the Springs, prompts the withdrawal of privilege granted in publication of 1st July.

W. J. ROSS,
jy11 1w General Superintendent.

ABSTRACT OFFICE,

ROOM NO. 1.

Corner Monroe & Second Sts.

WE have the Abstract Books and Complete Index of the Register's Office, compiled by the late HENRY A. CRANE; and, after more than 4 years' trial of their accuracy, and a thorough experience in the business, (not one mistake having occurred in all that time,) we are enabled to furnish complete derangment of title to all

Fort Pickering, Memphis & Shelby County Lands,

at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

G. J. CAMPBELL & CO.
Successors to Bond & Campbell.

NOTICE.

I HAVE determined henceforward to do a Commission business exclusively, and have rented my store and taken an office up stairs in same building, where I will be glad to see my friends and patrons. Thanking them for past favors, I beg a continuance of the same.

mch8 NATHAN HOFFHEIMER.

JOB PRINTING.

APPEAL

BOOK AND

JOB OFFICE,

No. 13

JEFFERSON STREET.

WE DESIRE TO CALL THE ATTENTION of our friends to the fact that we have, in connection with the APPEAL newspaper, an extensive and complete

JOB OFFICE,

And are prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work in a manner unsurpassed by any Job Office in the South.

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
WEDDING CARDS and
FANCY COLORED CARDS.

In every variety, and at prices THE LOWEST.

BILL HEADS

On any quality of paper—prices accordingly.

CHECKS,
DRAFTS,
BILLS LADING,
DRAY TICKETS,
SHIPPING TAGS,
DRUG LABELS,

And every variety of Mercantile Printing.

BOOK PRINTING

Our office is well stocked with Book Type, of various styles, and our facilities for executing

CONSTITUTIONS,
BY-LAWS,
CATALOGUES,
BRIEFS
—AND—
PAMPHLETS OF ALL KINDS,

are complete in every particular.

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FINE PRINTING

Are requested to give us a trial, and we will guarantee satisfaction.

INSURANCE PRINTING.

We are also prepared to execute ALL KINDS of printing for Insurance Agents in a superior style.

In fact we are able to execute everything in the Printing Line, in a style and at prices entirely satisfactory to our customers, and hope that the public may extend to us a liberal share of their patronage.

jan28

NURSERIES.

WHEATON NURSERY

Two Miles South of Memphis, on

Horn Lake Road.

JOHN TRENT. WADDY THOMPSON.

JOHN TRENT & CO.,
PROPRIETORS,
SUCCESSORS TO
DR. S. M. WHEATON,

WE are prepared to fill orders for every description of Shrubs, Flowers and Ornamental Trees, Grape and Strawberry Vines and Hot House Plants, Roses, etc., etc.

Our stock is large and of the best selections which can be gotten up in Europe or America.

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Dispensary, Infirmary and Drug Store,

Nos. 40 and 42 North Court St.,

MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.

DR. RUSSELL'S DISPENSARY AND INFIRMARY, the largest and oldest institution of the kind in the southwest, established in 1836, pleasantly located at Nos. 40 and 42 north side of North Court, Memphis, Tenn., is open for the reception of patients desiring treatment and the comforts of a home while receiving the same. Patients also treated at the office or by letter, if desired. Dr. RUSSELL is acknowledged by all parties interested as by far the MOST SUCCESSFUL PHYSICIAN in the treatment of Private or Secret Diseases. Quick, thorough and permanent cures guaranteed in every case, male or female. Recent cases of GONORRHŒA, GLEET, SYPHILIS cured in a few days, without the use of Mercury, change of diet, or hindrance from business. SECONDARY SYPHILIS; the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary loss of semen stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency or Loss of Sexual Power restored to free vigor in a few weeks. Gleet or Gonorrhea of long standing, when all internal remedies have failed, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Victims of SELF-ABUSE and excessive Venery, suffering from SPERMATORRHŒA and loss of physical and mental power, speedily and permanently cured.

All consultations strictly confidential.

Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Paralysis, Deafness, etc., treated by the aid of Electro Magnetic Battery.

Office hours from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., and from 2 to 8 p.m.

Those wishing to purchase Drugs, Family Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, etc., would do well to call at RUSSELL'S DRUG STORE before purchasing elsewhere, No. 42 North Court street, under the Dispensary.

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NOTICE.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, 8TH DISTRICT,
MEMPHIS, July 11, 1868.

I WILL SELL ON THE 28TH INST., AT THE house of Edmonds, Pettigrew & Co., in this city, fifteen Caddies of Manufactured Tobacco, forfeited to the Government for violating the Revenue Laws of the United States.

jy11 ROLFE S. SAUNDERS, Collector.

INSURANCE.

THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY
FIRE AND MARINE
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MEMPHIS.

CAPITAL, : : : : : $300,000

OFFICE—FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

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Southern
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
17 Madison Street, Memphis.

INSURES LIVES AND ADJUSTS AND PAYS losses promptly. Its principal business is with Southern States, and to them it appeals for patronage. It has ample means to fully protect policy-holders and pay all losses.

Net Assets, February 1, 1868...$256,917 98

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GEN. N. B. FORREST.....Gen'l Traveling Agent
L. B. HATCH, General Agent
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HERNANDO
INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, : : : President.
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BY STATE AUTHORITY

UNITED STATES
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO.,
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Are complete in every particular.

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CASH ASSETS, : : : $431,276 29

THIS COMPANY HAVING FULLY COMPLIED with State County and City Law, respectfully solicits a share of Insurance patronage.

A strict and critical examination of its assets and investments is earnestly solicited.

GEO. W. L. CROOK, Agent,
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MISSISSIPPI VALLEY BRANCH
—OF THE—
KNICKERBOCKER
Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
AT MEMPHIS, TENN.,
Office, No. 18 Knickerbocker Building.

Assets, : : : $4,000,000

Policies Issued at this Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.

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HENDERSON OWEN, of Messrs. Owen, McNutt & Co.,
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J. J. MILLER, of Messrs. R. J. Seimmes & Co.,
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For West Tennessee and North Mississippi.

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feb18

HOTELS.

AMERICAN HOUSE,
BOSTON, MASS.

THE very important and extensive improvements which have recently been made in this popular hotel, the largest in New England, enable the proprietors to offer to Tourists, Families and the Traveling Public, accommodations and conveniences superior to any other Hotel in the city. During the past summer additions have been made of numerous suites of apartments, with bathing-rooms, water-closets, etc., attached; one of Tufts' magnificent passenger elevators, the best ever constructed, conveys guests to the upper story of the house in one minute, the entries have been newly and richly carpeted, and the entire house thoroughly replenished and refurnished, making it in all its appointments equal to any hotel in the country.

Telegraph Office, Billiard Halls and Cafe on the first floor.

feb7 eod3m LEWIS RICE SON, Proprietors.

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MARBLE WORKS.
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Between Second and Third.

THE LIFE AND REMAINS
—OF—
Gen. WILLIAM T. HASKELL

Now being compiled and arranged

By Rev. R. H. RIVERS.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are solicited to this work, which, when compiled, will embrace between four and five hundred 12 mo. pages, printed upon calendered paper in bold, clear type, and bound in a creditable manner.

Gen. HASKELL was one of the most brilliant men and eloquent orators that Tennessee has ever given to our common country. This will be shown not only by a brief and truthful narrative of the chief incidents of his eventful life, but by presenting the reader with his Remains, consisting of Poems, Essays

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

ALBERT PIKE & CO.

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DEMOCRATIC HEAD-QUARTERS

—IN—

THE CITY OF MEMPHIS,

—ARE—

IN THE STILLMAN BLOCK,

CORNER OF

Madison and Second Streets.

Open at all hours: supplied with newspapers from every State in the Union: and every Conservative American, Federal or Confederate, are always welcome.

The Shelby County Democratic Club

Meets at the Democratic Head-quarters every Saturday Evening, and is called to order precisely at half-past 8 o'clock.

President.—ALBERT PIKE.

Vice-Presidents.—W. B. Avery, John Dawson, M. Hageveney, jr., M. D. L. Stewart, A. F. Frankland, J. W. Leftwich and F. L. Warner.

Recording Secretary.—W. O. Lofland.

Corresponding Secretary—Minor Meriwether.

Treasurer.—Major J. J. Murphy.

Democratic Clubs established elsewhere in the State are invited to correspond with the Shelby County Club, for co-operation and concerted action.

DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL CLUB.

The speakers who will address the Democratic Club of Shelby county, on Saturday evening, July 25th, are George M. Gantt and R. F. Looney, Esqs.

If it should please the Ward and independent Clubs to attend the meeting, each in a body, they will be received by the Central Club with due ceremony and honor. If such is their intention they will please notify the President.

The ladies are respectfully assured that their absence from the meeting would be profoundly regretted.

By order of the President.

W. O. LOFLAND, Rec. Sec.

THREATS OF VIOLENCE.

A week ago the *Bulletin* noticed the fact that the President of the Democratic Club of Shelby county had said, on the Saturday evening previous, that the Democratic party would drive the Radicals beyond the borders of the State. He spoke of Radicalism, and not of the Radicals as individuals; and he does not doubt that the day will come when Radicalism, as a creed, will be extinct in Tennessee, when all honest Union men will have abandoned it as a cheat, a snare and a fraud, and it will lie like a dead dog in a kennel, the mere carcass of what was once a faction.

Coupling this declaration with the fact that on the same night some fifty mounted men, whom no one knew, rode in a body, masked and silent, through the principal streets of the city, molesting no one and breaking no law of the State, or Ordinance of the City, or regulation of the Police, the *Bulletin* cried out that the Democrats of the city intended to inaugurate the reign of violence and terror, and warned them to desist, threatening direful consequences in case of contumacy. It ventured to use this extraordinary language:

"We have a Governor of nerve and patriotism, backed by a Legislature already prepared to vote all the necessary means to raise and arm a sufficient force to protect every man against the murderous designs of these masked cavalrymen parading the streets at midnight. He asks 'is it anybody's business what and who they are?' We answer yes; it is the business of every citizen and resident of Memphis to know who and what they are, and to see to it that these unlawful exhibitions are not repeated. And we warn you, Mr. *Avalanche*, and you, gentlemen Ku-Klux, not to repeat this parade, unless you desire to see troops quartered in the very temple of the Democracy. It is not improbable that troops will be sent to Shelby county, and it may be that they will be sent without 'purse or scrip' to subsist upon the inhabitants, who will be paid when they prove their loyalty, and not till then."

Maskers, we suppose, whoever and whatever they may be, have a right to ride through the streets of the city, if they in no way disturb its peace or molest any one. No one denies the right of the Loyal Leagues to do so; and the Ku-Kluxes, if the masked cavaliers were indeed of that secret order, have as much right, at least, to ride peacefully along the public thoroughfares at night as negroes have to drill nightly, every one armed, in squads of thirty or forty, *as they* are now doing in more than one locality on the outskirts of the city. These, Mr. Beaumont's Police never disturb. *These* are not 'unlawful exhibitions.' If negroes were to ride, armed and masked, through the streets at midnight, and make night hideous with their screechings, and alarm the city by the discharge of fire arms, does any one suppose that the Police would attempt to arrest them?

It is reported that orders have been given the Police to fire upon the Ku-kluxes, if they again make their appearance; but the Chief of the Police would do well to be somewhat cautious. There are laws and courts as well as a Constitution in Tennessee; and if persons riding silently in a body through the streets at night are guilty of any offense against the laws, the same laws point out the mode in which they are to be dealt with.

They must be arrested by due process, and tried by a competent tribunal, and convicted of some act that is an offense against some law of the State. To fire into a body of men not engaged in any unlawful act, not riotous or disorderly, would be simply murder with malice afore-thought express. By doing so, the Police would at once put themselves out of the pale of the law, and justify the assailed in returning the fire, which there is little doubt they would do; for it is to be supposed that they do not ride without being prepared to resist an attack, from whatever quarter it may come.

We judge, from a publication lately copied by us from a Nashville journal, that there does exist an extensive secret organization, that has adopted the name of Ku-Klux (a word the meaning of which we do not know), and that it is under the control of prudent and discreet men, who do not mean that it shall be used for violent or unlawful purposes. Opinions may differ as to the wisdom of such organizations, which do long remain secret; but it is quite certain that men have a right so to associate themselves, with so much of secrecy, such means of recognition and such obligations, as will make their organization efficient. There is nothing unlawful in this. If used for unlawful purposes, the actors may be punished. While the Grand Army of the Republic exists, and the Loyal Leagues meet in secret council, it is sheer hypocrisy for a member of the Radical party to clamor against secret organizations. We hope that there is one, of Conservative men, for lawful and proper purposes, and among these we include preparation for self-defence against threatened violence, and that it may unite together all the active Conservatives in the Southern States.

But the *Bulletin* threatens the peaceful citizens of Shelby county, that troops shall be sent here, such 'troops,' we suppose, as not many months ago were the shame of the State, "without purse or scrip, to *subsist* upon the *inhabitants*." Is the editor of the *Bulletin* mad, that he should threaten thus? How does he propose that the State blackguards shall *subsist* upon the inhabitants? By levying forced contributions, as Napoleon did; by being billetted on the citizens; or by the simpler mode of stealing what they need?

This *punishment*, mark you, is to be inflicted on the peaceful people of the city and county, who are certainly not responsible for the organization or parade of the Ku-Kluxes. Subsist upon the inhabitants! When a system of lawless violence like that is attempted to be put in execution, enough will be found to resist to the death. Does the *Bulletin* suppose that the men of Shelby county are so chicken-livered that they will tamely submit to receive in their houses and feed and lodge, negroes or white proletaries, sent here as troops to overawe the Democratic organizations? The utterance of such a threat makes the utterer an outlaw. Has the editor of the *Bulletin* gone, as is reported, with another member of his party, to Knoxville to procure the sending of a regiment of troops to this city and county?

The truth is that no violence is apprehended at the hands of the Ku Kluxes. It is not these who "fright the souls of fearful adversaries," but the Democratic Clubs that are being organized everywhere, and the spontaneous uprising of the white men of the State, to concentrate public opinion and effect a peaceful revolution. It is imagined that the terror inspired by the martial aspect of the troops of Brownlow will chill and repress the enthusiasm of the people, and put an end to meetings of Clubs and public demonstrations, through the fear of violence and bloodshed.

The *Bulletin* is mistaken. The Democrats of this city and county are the people of each, and they are not to be alarmed by even a Regiment of half-accoutered, undrilled recruits, too lazy and worthless to work for a living, and of whom even Falstaff would have been ashamed. The Democratic Clubs mean to keep the law on their side, and they mean to be prepared to resist, and to resist effectually any aggression upon their rights as citizens, no matter from what quarter it may come. They have the right to meet and to speak plainly their thoughts and opinions, to march in procession, with torch-lights and music, if they please; to gather in mass-meetings, to arm for their common defence, and to defend themselves; and they mean to do it. They are not in the humor now, nor of a temper to bear lawless arrogance patiently; and we advise Mr. Beaumont and the Editor of the *Bulletin* to keep carefully within the pale of the law in any proceedings against the Democratic party of the county. If the Police do not, they will find their intermeddling neither so agreeable nor profitable as blackmailing gamblers and prostitutes. Free men are not as patient as the comets; and the *Bulletin* had better economize its threats, and not bark before it bites. When it gets its troops here, it *may* be safe in advising them to plunder the people, and in telling the people whom their scoundrels rob, that they "will be paid when they prove their loyalty, and not till then."

At any rate, the Editor is a bold man. There are not many who would so far presume on the patience and cowardice of a community as to threaten to quarter a licentious banditti upon them, "without purse or scrip," to live upon them like the locusts of the apocalypse.

The Old Man of the Sea, who is riding the State to death, is also on the rampage. He has been so all his life; for he delights, like the stormy petrel, in a tempest. Hear him rave:

Hitherto we have counseled peace, as have all men of the Radical party. These assassins have construed our course to mean cowardice. We no longer counsel peace. War is what they evidently desire, and in God's name we say let it come. On Gay street they (the Ashby sympathisers) have the majority. In the country we (the radicals) have the majority. Our friends in the country tell us they are all armed and prepared to march into Knoxville on short notice.

Let the fight come and that speedily, and we will gut and clean out the infernal traitors and assassins who back Ashby.

The Governor will feel it his duty, and he will be certain to discharge that duty, to arm and equip the loyal men at the expense of the State, and see that such riots and mobs are put down, and their guilty authors punished as they deserve to be punished. The cry of tyrant, despot and bloody-minded wretch, raised against him, will not deter him from the discharge of what he believes to be his duty.

"We will gut and clean out the infernal traitors and assassins." In Louisville, last October, a gentleman informed us that early in the war Brownlow addressed a Regiment of loyal Tennesseeans, at or near that city, and told the men that he hoped they would kill rebels enough to get gut-fat sufficient to grease hell a mile. We loathe the sentence as we write it, and have refrained from doing so for months. We do not comment upon so devilish and damnable an utterance.

Of course the Governor can send his troops here, if he will. We only advise him to give them precise and careful instructions not in the least degree to violate the law or infringe on personal rights; and they will do well to heed his instructions, or worse will come of it than they think. We have not lost *all* rights, in losing the right to vote, and by the plain rights which the laws and Constitution give us, the Democrats of this city will be quite certain to stand. They are not cravens of dogs, to be domineered over and lashed by the Editor of the *Bulletin*.

ARKANSAS.

—The Little Rock *Gazette* says: The daily showers which we have been blessed with for the past week are yet to keep the river open for our light draught boats, and makes the nights glorious for sleeping.

—Auditor Berry's estimate of the amount paid the Legislature up to date, says the Little Rock *Gazette*, is $103,000. Accounts incurred in carrying on the late election are now being audited and paid under the late act making appropriations for that purpose.

—The Augusta *Sentinel* says: Every body says there never was a finer prospect for full crops in this county, and nothing like it since 1860, nor for years previous to that time. The reports from Independence, Jackson and Randolph are also most encouraging.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Night Dispatches.

SARATOGA.

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 20.—Over forty horses have already arrived here, and quarters have been engaged for many more.

MAINE.

PORTLAND, July 20.—Weston, the pedestrian, failed to accomplish his fifty miles in eleven hours, at the Forest City park, on Saturday. His time was 11 hours 6½ minutes.

ALLATOONA.

ALLATOONA, PA., July 20.—Four cars of the Western bound emigrant train ran off the track on the Pennsylvania Central road yesterday. One of them was capsized, breaking the wrist of one woman, and the collar bone of another. No lives were lost.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, July 20.—The Indians around Fort Laramie, on the Arkansas, are on the war path, the Government having refused to pay them their annuities. A Lieutenant and five soldiers belonging to the fort had been killed. Gen. Sully was actively preparing for the campaign.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, July 20.—The *Times* this morning, in an editorial on American Finances, says: "The true interest of the United States lies in its honor and right; and heavy as the taxes generally are, it is infinitely better that everything should be taxed than to repudiate the terms upon which the national debt was created."

Admiral Farragut will visit Greece at an early day.

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Several bills and resolutions were introduced and passed. The Senate bill was passed which construes the Pension law, to give pensions, first, to mothers of maimed soldiers; second, to their fathers, and third, to their orphan brothers and sisters. A resolution amending the rules so that Treaties with the Indian tribes shall be considered and passed upon, in open session, was introduced and laid over.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, July 20.—Jeremiah Ezell, a young white man was shot Saturday night near Franklin. Rumors had prevailed during the day that the negroes intended to burn the town that night, and Ezell and others patrolled the streets on horseback, and rode out some distance from town to reconnoitre, and seeing no signs of hostility they returned to town and made a report that quieted all fears. A short time afterward Ezell and three others rode just outside of town and were fired upon by a party of negroes, eighteen in number, who were in ambush. Ezell received a wound of which he died on Sunday, and a Mr. Baster was wounded in the heel. Great excitement prevailed yesterday and to-day, but there has been no outbreak.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The steamer South America, from Rio Janeiro June 25th, has arrived.

Brazil is still sending troops to Paraguay. The total number sent since the commencement of the war is 84,218, of which 43,000 are at Humaita.

There were some cases of cholera at Mithersy, but measures were being taken to prevent its spread.

A British ship had arrived from England with the twelve iron steam launches ordered by the Government for the Amazon.

The origin of the diplomatic conflict between Coxins and Washburne, the American Minister, was the refusal to allow the gunboat Wasp to pass up. The dispute has been transferred to Rio Janeiro for settlement.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—President Johnson to-day sent in his veto of the Electoral College resolution. He disapproves of the resolution at length, and concludes as follows:

"The true meaning of the resolution is that no State, a portion of whose inhabitants were engaged in the rebellion, shall be permitted to participate in the Presidential election except on the terms and conditions prescribed in the resolution. Assuming this to be the true construction of the resolution, this inquiry becomes pertinent: May those Northern States, a portion of whose inhabitants were actually in rebellion, be prevented, at the discretion of Congress, from having their votes counted? It is well known that a portion of the inhabitants of the States of New York and Virginia were alike engaged in the rebellion; and it is equally well known that Virginia, as well as New York, was, at all times, during the war, recognized by the Federal Government as a State in the Union—so clearly that, upon the termination of hostilities, it was not deemed necessary to her restoration, that a Provisional Governor should be appointed; yet, according to this joint resolution, the people of Virginia, unless they comply with the terms it prescribes, are denied the right of voting for a President, while the people of New York, a portion of the inhabitants of which State were also in rebellion, are permitted to have their electoral vote counted, without undergoing the process of reconstruction prescribed for Virginia. New York is no more a State than Virginia, and one is as much entitled to be represented in the electoral college as the other. If Congress has the right to deprive Virginia of this right, it can exercise the same as thoroughly with respect to New York or any other State, and thus the result of the Presidential election may be controlled and determined by Congress, and the people be deprived of their rights under the Constitution to choose a President and Vice-President of the United States, as if Congress were to provide by law that the votes of none of the States should be received and counted, if cast for a candidate who differed in political sentiment with a majority of the two Houses. Such legislation would at once be condemned by the country, as unconstitutional and revolutionary and a usurpation of power, as no power exists in the Constitution authorizing such a joint resolution or the proposed law, the only difference being that one would be more palpably unconstitutional and revolutionary than the other. One would rest upon the Radical error that Congress has the right to prescribe terms and conditions as to the right of the people of the States to cast their votes for President and Vice President; and for the reasons thus indicated, I am constrained to return the joint resolution to the Senate, for such further action thereon as Congress may deem necessary.

(Signed) ANDREW JOHNSON.

Hon. W. M. Evarts, Attorney General of the United States, took the oath of office this morning before Judge Wiley, of the District Supreme Court, and shortly afterwards entered upon the duties of the office. He was visited during the day by a large number of Senators and other distinguished persons. A report has been received at headquarters from Gen. Gillem, commanding the Fourth Military District, dated at Vicksburg, showing that the Constitution had been defeated in that State by 7629 majority. Only one Radical member of Congress (McKee) is returned as elected. There has been no investigation by the military into the alleged fraudulent transactions.

Telegrams received at army headquarters state that Gen. Grant would reach Denver to-day, where he would remain two or three days and soon return again to St. Louis.

The President to-day nominated to the Senate Wm. P. Wells to be Assistant Treasurer; John S. Darkens, of Pennsylvania, to be Minister Plenipotentiary to Russia; Christopher S. Cox, of Maryland, as Commissioner of Pensions; Henry M. Watts, as Minister to Austria; Elisha Foote, of New York, as Commissioner of Patents; W. E. Rosecrans, as Minister Extraordinary to Spain; John McClernand, of Illinois, as Minister to Mexico; Edward Cooper, as Commissioner of Internal Revenue; and Pat. Muller, as Register of Public Moneys at Belmont, Nevada.

An order has been issued carrying into effect the law of Congress making eight hours a day's work for civilian laborers, workmen and mechanics in its employ.

The Electoral College resolution passed the Senate over the President's veto by 45 to 8, and the House by 134 to 36.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, July 20.—Cotton dull and easier; middlings 20½ asking; sales 17 bales; receipts 139 sales. Sterling 50@53; New York sight ¼c premium; Gold 42¾. Flour quiet; superfine $7 50. Corn 90@91. Oats 60c. Hay $21@22. Pork nominally $29 50. Bacon steady; shoulders 12½c; clear sides 17½c. Lard, tierce, 18½c; keg 19½c. There was but little done in the markets to-day, as the streets were flooded by the rain.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, July 20.—Flour, superfine, $6 25@6 75; fancy $11 50. Wheat $1 65@1 85. Oats 80c. Corn 90@95c. Mess Pork $28 50. Lard 17½@18c. Bacon, shoulders, 13½c; clear rib sides 16½c; clear sides 17c; bulk shoulders 12c; clear sides 16c. Tobacco quiet and unchanged.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, July 20.—Flour and wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn 90@92c. Whisky firm at 25c for bonded. Mess Pork $28. Bulk shoulders 12c; clear sides 16c; bacon shoulders 14c; clear rib sides 16½c; clear sides 18c. Butter and eggs unchanged.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, July 20.—Tobacco higher; lugs to bright leaf $8 to $40. Extra flour $6 75@7 50. Corn 78@80c. Oats 72@80c. Mess pork $28 75. Bacon shoulders 12½@13c; clear sides 15½@16c; hams 16@20c. Lard 17½@18c.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, July 20.—Cotton dull and unchanged; sales 500 bales; uplands 31½@32c. Rice quiet; Carolina 10½@11c. Coffee and sugar steady; Cuba 11½@12c. Molasses nominal. Flour dull and 10@15c lower. Wheat steady at $1 80@1 85. Corn $1 09@1 09. Pork dull and unchanged; sales 900 bbls; mess $29 25@29 50. Other goods about unchanged.

Money is easy. Call loans 5@6; sterling 10½@10¾; gold 42¾@42¾; Old Tennessees 68½; New Tennessees 67¾.

Late from Mexico.

We are indebted to our companion in arms, and fellow-prisoner on Johnson's Island, Capt. A. Ridley, for late Vera Cruz and City of Mexico papers, from which we extract as follows:

Don Jesus Terrazas, brother of Col. Joaquin of that name, and a gentleman distinguished for his services to the State, has been killed in battle by the Apaches of Chihuahua.

Trade is in a state of paralysis in Jalisco, and various merchants are soliciting the Government for permission to send droves of horses and cattle to Mexico, in order to raise funds to relieve the people in their distress. The animals will be gathered from Queretaro, Guanajuato, Zacatecas, San Louis Potosi, and other points.

A normal school is about to be established in Ciudad Victoria, State of Tamaulipas. Profound tranquility reigns everywhere in that State. Commerce is reviving, and the only thing the country needs is plenty of laborers.

They are playing *The Bengal Tiger* at the Vera Cruz theater. One of the actors is named Bobadil.

Col. Jose Iocian, who was recently condemned to death by a military commission in Vera Cruz, has had his sentence commuted to five years' imprisonment.

The citizen general, Don Jose Ignacio Gutierrez, convicted of treason, was to have been shot with musketry, on the 27th ult., in the Plaza de Miexalco; but on the 25th the death-sentence was commuted.

The Mexican papers have full translations of the congressional reports, in which Ben Butler was so badly worsted a month or so ago.—*N. O. Crescent.*

What the Virginia Carpet-Baggers are After.

The House of Representatives of Virginia has passed a bill, reported by the Reconstruction Committee, which provides for the election in Virginia in a manner so repugnant to the carpet-baggers of that State that they have sent a delegation here to procure a modification of the bill by the Senate. Their expectation is, by misrepresentation and haste, to extract from that body, in its closing hours, legislation which will brand it with indelible infamy.

There are two points on which they desire changes to be made. The House bill guards the purity of the election by declaring that no person shall act as a member of the Board of Registration who is a candidate for office at the election to be held under such registration. The object of this provision is apparent at a glance. The carpet-baggers want *their* candidates to have a chance to act as registrars, and power given to exclude all votes they cannot control. Will the Senate assent to this gross suggestion?

But the carpet-baggers go further. They desire to cut off from the privilege of voting some 25,000 persons entitled to vote under the existing reconstruction acts. Under those laws a fresh registration is to take place two weeks before any election, and all illegal names then to be stricken off, and the names added of all persons having a legal right to vote. This has been done under the law in every State of the South save Virginia. In that State there has been no registration of voters since last summer, and as many then failed to register, the carpet-baggers, and especially Mr. Wells, their candidate for Governor, admit that there are 25,000 persons not registered who are entitled to be registered.

The question is whether the *existing reconstruction laws* shall be changed so as to deprive these voters of the right to register and vote. If the change be made, it is a deliberate exclusion of Conservative voters for the purpose of carrying an election—voters who are not disfranchised by the constitutional amendment or by the reconstruction acts.

We take it for granted that such Senators as Messrs. Trumbull, Morton, Fessenden and Edmunds will have sufficient regard for their reputations to refuse to commit this palpable outrage and fraud. Messrs. Sumner, Nye and Conness will probably be restrained by no such motive, but even they may halt when they stop to think what additional weight this proceeding will impose on Grant and Colfax in the Presidential election. As they are expecting to exclude the vote of Virginia from the Electoral College, there would seem to be the strongest motive of interest in abstaining from this infamous proceeding.—*National Intelligencer, 17th.*

THE population of Turkey is estimated at 42,000,000; of whom 18,000,000 are in Europe, 24,000,000 in Asia.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

LOST—Near the Catholic Church, on Third street, a pair of GOLD SPECTACLES. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving them at Memphis and Louisville Railroad Ticket office. No 267½ Main street. jy21 1t

REMOVAL.

REUBEN DAILEY, Justice of the Peace, has removed to the Jefferson Block, in consequence of contemplated changes in the Odd Fellow's building. Entrance, No. 283, Second street.

Post and Ledger copy.

jy21 1w

Y. M. I. D. C.

COL. L. R. F. LOONEY and Col. James B. Marshall, respond ng to call with a promptness worthy of the cause, have consented to address the Young Mens' Democratic Club of Memphis, at Stillman Hall, Second street, near Madison, on Wednesday, July 22d, at 8 o'clock p m.

The members of the Club in full force, and all persons desirous of a working membership in the organization, are earnestly solicited to be present on this occasion.

The ladies, also, are especially invited, and assured that their presence at any regular meeting of this Club will be cordially welcomed.

By order of the President.

jy21 2t R. H. SYLVESTER, Cor. Sec.

DIED.

WASSON—At her father's residence, on Linden street, July 20, 1868, MRS. JULIA C. WASSON, wife of Dr. J. D. Wasson, of this city.

In another home the light of earthly joy is extinguished. Across another door-step the shadows of bereavement have fallen—shadows that will grow longer as the evening of life wears away. The gentle wife is no more. The affectionate daughter, the loving sister, the mother, who had just "felt for the first time her first born's breath," has passed away. The flowers of Elmwood are upon a mound of earth which is being daily watered with tears, and thither the thoughts of surviving ones, like bands of unseen mourners, are hourly wending their way. To the stranger's eye it may be only one of the numberless graves that people this great City of the Dead. To us it is the hallowed resting place of a beautiful casket, from which the immortal jewel has been taken to shine in the Redeemer's crown.

It would be impossible, in a brief notice like this, to give any adequate expression to our sense of the modest worth, the chaste beauty and the unselfish devotion of the life that has been brought so suddenly to a close. Seldom have we known one so fitted by nature to be a source of happiness to all around her. Gentle, amiable and affectionate in disposition, full of native courtesy, refinement and sympathy, she seemed to be always cheerful herself, and always desirous to impart cheerfulness to others. Her presence, as she moved from day to day in the modest sphere of woman's duty and influence, shed a charm, not only over her own dwelling of which she was the idol, but over the social circle of which she was the delight. "None knew her but to love her, nor named her but to praise."

It was religion that gave to the character of the departed one that which constituted its highest charm. Gentleness and amiability of nature had been refined and sanctified by Divine grace. The corner-stone had been polished by the great Architect after the similitude of a palace. For ten years she had been a faithful, devoted follower of Christ, and member of the Second Presbyterian Church of this city, living in daily communion with God, in daily growth in grace, in daily preparation for the Kingdom of Heaven. Her favorite copy of the Scriptures, in which she delighted to "meditate by day and by night," contains all through its pages the pencil marks that seem to us like the foot-prints of the immortal spirit as it passed "from strength to strength," until it "appeared in Zion before God." The silent chamber to which she retired every day for private devotion, if it could speak, would be eloquent of hours spent in communion with Heaven—times when the spirit was privileged, like Moses upon Pisgah's summit, to look over and view its promised inheritance. Sainted spirit! Bright indeed is the inheritance! Happy the exchange!—leaving to us the sorrow, new fourfold for thy loss—receiving for thyself "the crown of rejoicing which He, the righteous Judge, shall give to us in that day."

May the balm of Heavenly consolation rest upon bleeding hearts. To Him who is the fountain of mercy and grace, we commend our brother, whose heart the sunlight has faded; in whose night the coldness no star but the Star of Bethlehem. To our covenant, God, we commend the little child, whose life the mother purchased with her own. And, oh, may He be near to those parents whose agonizing hearts bled for their eldest child, the first that they learned to love, and to the sister and brother, and to the little ones who scarcely realize their loss, and other near and dear friends. Through these sanctified trials may all be redeemed to constitute an unbroken family in Heaven.

A FRIEND.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

ST. LOUIS UNIVERSITY.

THE Thirty-ninth Annual Session of Studies in the St. Louis University

Will Open September 7th.

This institution is the oldest seat of learning in the West, having been established in 1829.

The course of studies offers every facility for acquiring a thorough CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL EDUCATION.

For catalogue, etc., apply to

REV. F. H. SUNNEBRICK, S.J.,

President St. Louis University, St. Louis, Mo.

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SOIREE DANSANTE

—AT—

IUKA SPRINGS HOTEL,

FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1868

TICKET FOR THE ROUND TRIP SOLD BY Memphis and Charleston Railroad. **Full fare one way, return ticket free, good till October 1, 1868.** 50

Memphis City Band engaged for the season.

Billiard Tables and Ten-pin Alleys free to guests.

No place of amusement in the South offers better inducement to visitors.

W. A. STEFFEY,
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jy 21 6t

MENKEN BROTHERS'

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SEMI-ANNUAL

REDUCTION SALE

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DRY GOODS!

CONSISTING OF

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ALSO, ENTIRE STOCK OF

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BARGAINS EXTRAORDINARY

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177 Main street,

Sign of the Golden Stirrup,

ap26 3m Evidence Block.

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Nothing Equal to it for Piles.

Sold by H. C. STEEVER'S Bluff City Drug Store, cor. Second and Madison sts.

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REMOVAL.

A. HUNN & CO.

Have removed their

Steamboat Bakery, Bread and Cracker Depot,

—TO—

Cor. Jefferson and Promenade Streets,

jy21 1m Opposite Steamboat Landing.

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OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Capital Stock, : : : : : : : : : $200,000 00

Income for first Ten Months, : : 161,883 46

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The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined, by a judicious and economical management of its affairs, to secure for it the success which it merits as a reliable Institution.

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No Humbug, but positively so, in order to gain room for Fall and Winter Stocks.

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MAKE EARLY SELECTIONS AND SECURE GREAT BARGAINS

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THE FOLLOWING STAUNCH, RELIABLE and well-known Insurance Companies are represented at the Memphis Insurance Agency, No. 22 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.:

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FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—One large STOREHOUSE, four stories, suitable for wholesale grocery and commission house, No. 280 Front street. Possession given 1st of August next. Apply to
W. H. GREENLAW,
jy21 4t No. 16 Madison street.

FOR RENT.—A Dwelling for a small family, No. 91 Market street, rent low. Apply to A. CARR, Boat Store, Wafer street. jy19 1w

FOR RENT.—The building lately occupied by the Commercial Bank of Tennessee. Apply to J. A. OMBERG,
jy18 3t Receiver.

FOR RENT OR LEASE.—A first-class FEMALE COLLEGE, large and well arranged brick buildings, with six or eight acres of land, favorably located. None but thorough and experienced educators need apply. Terms favorable. The property can be leased for a term of years. For particulars apply at this office.
jy12 tf

FOR RENT—Up-stairs, No. 19 Jefferson street. Two Rooms suitable for offices or sleeping rooms. Apply at Appeal office. jn16 1

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FOR RENT.—A FINE COTTAGE RESIdence with seven acres of garden land, on the Randolph road, two miles from Court Square, and just outside the corporate limits will be rented low to a good prompt paying tenant. Fresh cow, etc., for sale low. Apply to T. GRAVES, Memphis Cotton Press, 151 Madison street. ma30 tf

FOR RENT.—THE STORE AND BUILDING on Jefferson street, corner of the alley, between Second and Third streets, south side, is for rent. The building is well situated as a first-class boarding house, and contains fourteen rooms, kitchen, and all in good order. Also, two STORE-S on north side. Inquire at PETER SAINT, 68 Jefferson street.
Ledger copy. ma22

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FOR SALE ON TEN YEARS TIME—Eleven Acres of Land, three miles from Court Square, corner of Central and Trezevant Avenues, adjoining the lands of Col. N. M. Trezevant. Apply to RICE & ENGEL,
jy21 tf 218 Main street.

FOR SALE—I offer for sale three Lots of the finest Business Property in the city. For particulars apply to THOS. H. COCKE,
jy7 2w 279½ Main street.

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR EASY TERMS.—My lands, 3 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 5 acres to 300. My residence, with from 14 to 24 acres of land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, or the premises, or to Royster, Trezevant & Co., my agents, in the city.
jel7 N. M. TREZEVANT.

FOR SALE.—Having determined to change our business, we offer for sale our small but well selected STOCK OF GROCERIES, and a lease on one of the BEST BUSINESS HOUSES in the city. We will sell also a splendid suburban RESIDENCE, 2½ miles from the city, near Hill's Station, with 9½ acres of ground, with all the necessary improvements. Apply to WEBB, MITCHELL & CO., No. 13 Union street, Lee Block. je7 tf

WANTS.

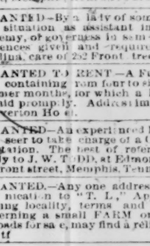
WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—A Book Keeper that is first class in all respects, and can give the best city references. None other need apply at the NORTHERN INSURANCE OFFICE, 195 Main street, Memphis, from 8 to 9 a.m. jy21 2t

WANTED—By a lady of some experience, a situation as assistant in some female academy, or governess in some family. Good references given and required. Address N. Carolina, care of 252 Front street. jy11 1w

WANTED TO RENT—A Furnished House containing from four to six rooms for the summer months, for which a liberal rent will be paid promptly. Address immediately J. A. ENGLISH, Box 50. jy21

WANTED—An experienced Planter or Overseer to take charge of a Cotton and Corn Plantation. The best of references required. Apply to J. W. T. DIX, at Edmonds, Todd & Co., 358 Front street, Memphis, Tenn. jy19

WANTED.—Any one addressing a communication to "T. L.," Appeal office, describing locality, terms and all particulars concerning a small FARM on either of the Railroads for sale, may find a reliable purchaser.
jy4 tf



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4 1-2 Madison Street.
je21 3m

WANTED.—A DWELLING HOUSE containing 4 to 6 rooms by a family of three persons, all grown. Must be centrally located. Address Richard, Appeal office. ma31

WANTED.—A situation as Book-keeper, Assistant Book-keeper or Clerk, by a young man who has had ten years experience. Best city references given, if desired. Address V., Appeal office. je20 tf

WANTED.—A GOOD COOK, WASHER AND Ironer—a white woman, with references. Apply at 40 Lauderdale street. jy1

WANTED.—A SMALL FARM NEAR THE city of Memphis, of which possession can be given immediately. Address A. R., Appeal office, stating terms, location, etc. ma30 tf

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Of Columbus, Ga. Incorporated 1859.

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BOARDING.—One or two gentlemen with wives can obtain board at moderate rates. The best and HEALTHIEST neighborhood in the city. None but those who can give unexceptionable references need apply, to C. M., care Appeal office. je10 tf

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ARKANSAS STAGE LINES
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LITTLE ROCK
TO BENTON,
HOT SPRINGS.

Rockport, Arkadelphia, Spoonville, Antwine, Washington, Clarksville, Texas; Tulip, Ark. Princeton, Camden, Louisville, Russellville, Dardanell, Clarksville, Lewisburg, Ozark, Van Buren, Fort Smith.

Parties wishing private conveyances can contract for the same by applying to the General Agent, who will be upon the train, and will check baggage through to Hot Springs.

H. CLAY ROBARDS,
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THE great number of these celebrated Gin Stands in use throughout this whole country, are actual working witnesses of their acknowledged superiority. No neighborhood is without some of these splendid machines, and we make reference to each and every planter now using them as to their superior advantages over all others.

Those needing Gins will consult their best interests when they bear in mind that the "E. CARVER CO.'S IMPROVED GINS" can be had with any desired number of Saws, either right or left hand motion, by calling on or sending their orders to

ALLISON BROTHERS,
Sole Agents, 270 Front St., Memphis.

Commission Merchants desiring to make purchases of Gin Stands for their customers, will find it to their advantage to call upon us.
jy14 2m ALLISON BROTHERS.

BUCK EYE SALVE,
THE GREAT REMEDY for PILES.

Sold by TAYLOR & CO.,
jy1 Poplar Street.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office—No. 13 Jefferson Street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily,	2:40 p.m.	4:15 p.m
Sardis accom'n, daily, except Sunday	8:30 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Freight, (North Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; South, Monday, Wednesday and Friday)	3:35 p.m.	6:20 a.m.

Takes effect Sunday, June 21, 1868.

A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
U. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. je28

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	6:20 p.m.	12:40 p m
Through Express	10:40 p.m.	11:30 p.m
(This train does not leave Saturdays.)		
Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sundays) at		6:30 a.m
Somerville Accommodation daily (except Sunday)	8:25 a.m.	5:15 p.m

Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than City time.

Ticket office, 272 Main street and at Depot.
W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE
Day Express	7:30 a.m.	3:15 p.m
Night Express	4:00 p.m.	9:15 a.m

Railroad Time 15 minutes faster than city.

Ticket office No. 277, Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.

SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

CITY MATTERS.

NOTICE.

City subscribers to the APPEAL, daily or weekly, who may desire to leave the city for the summer, can have their papers sent them regularly by leaving a memorandum at the Counting-room of the APPEAL, No. 13 Jefferson street.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Correspondents who wish to have any attention paid to their communications must observe the following rules:

Be brief, concise and to the point, Avoid the "flowers of rhetoric," and confine yourself to a plain statement of facts. Write on but one side of the paper in a clear hand, and with pen and ink, giving your words and sentences plenty of room. In all cases the real name and address of the writer must accompany the manuscript. Articles which redound to personal or individual benefit, or are of a personal nature, will only be inserted as "advertisements" or "paid cards."

CALENDAR.—July—7th Month.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

MOON.	DAY.	TIME AT MEMPHIS.
Full	4th.	2 h. 39 minutes.
Third Quarter	12th.	6 h. 40 minutes.
New	19th.	3 h. 56 minutes.
First Quarter	26th.	7 h. 51 minutes.

TWENTY FIRST DAY—*Tuesday*—Sun rises 5:06; sets 7:06.

DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The meeting of delegates to select a Congressman and Electors for the Eighth District of Tennessee, will be held at Brownsville on the 8th of August.

THANKS to Felix Cross, Esq., of the Southern Express, for the latest papers.

BEAT THESE BEETS.—A lady friend, Mrs. Capt. Bowman, of Helena, Ark., sent us yesterday two of the *beatingest* beets that we ever saw. They are tremendous, and speak volumes for the horticultural skill of the fair donor.

SUNSTROKE AT HUMBOLDT.—A lady, the wife of a resident of Humboldt, succumbed to the intense heat of Saturday, and died in the evening, notwithstanding the strenuous efforts of physicians and friends.

NEW BOOK.—We have received from Messrs. Church & Co., No. 315 Main street, the new novel "Foul Play," by Chas. Reade and Dion Boucicault. We have not yet had time to more than glance at it, but found the initial chapters intensely interesting.

A HANDSOME boot or shoe sets off one's appearance very much; in fact, no gentleman can be said to be dressed who is not *bein chaussee*, and in order to be so, go to App & Lutz, No. 15½ Jefferson street. 2t

THE WEATHER—Was cloudy but warm during the morning yesterday, and about mid-day the sun came out in all of its glory, with a most sickening heat. We heard of two cases of sunstroke in the heart of the city, neither of which are fatal, up to the present writing.

AND again, last night, Emmons & Son received supplies, consisting this time of Catholic World for August, Day's Doings, Mercury, True Flag, American Union, Saturday Night, German Leslie, Die Welt, and all the dailies; also the Southern Opinion. Call and get a copy.

CONVICTED.—As will be seen by reference to our Court reports, Cosgrove was convicted yesterday of murder in the first degree. The scene on the rendering of the verdict is said to have been very impressive. The verdict took all who have been watching the case closely by surprise, even the counsel, we are informed, seeming to be taken completely aback.

VIGILANCE OF OUR PARISIANS.—At Paris on Friday a party of citizens succeeded in arresting a notorious negro thief—one of a band that has been depredating in that vicinity for some time, and, in pursuance of their original plan, carried him out into the woods near by. He has not since been heard of, and doubtless has gone the way of all flesh.

CORRECTION.—The gentleman whose death was mentioned in our last, as having occurred by sun stroke on the steamer VICTOR, was Col. George W. Given, of Dallas, Texas, a prominent citizen of that State, a Mason of eminence, and during the late war a Colonel who won honor in the Confederate service. Coming here to remove the remains of a relative, he lost his own life in performing a duty of love and humanity.

THE ST. LOUIS UNIVERSITY.—We received, yesterday, a catalogue and prospectus of this old and excellent educational institute, whose advertisement appears in another column. The St. Louis University was established in 1829, by the members of the Society of Jesus, and has experienced uninterrupted success and prosperity ever since. It possesses a valuable library, containing 15,000 volumes, a museum, and a complete philosophical and chemical apparatus, offering the student every facility for acquiring a liberal education. The next regular session commences the first Monday in September, and we cordially and earnestly recommend the Institute to our friends here in Memphis, many of whom, by the by, have themselves been educated there.

THE EMPIRE.—This old and well known saloon having changed hands and been thoroughly renovated, is now again open to the public, under the auspices and management of Messrs. Sam H. and W. P. Whitsett and Mike Hewitt. The latter named gentleman is one of the old firm, and is well known to the frequenters of the Restaurant; the other gentlemen are comparatively strangers in our midst. The house will be kept in the same style as heretofore, and the doors of the Restaurant will never be closed. In the bar the best of wines and liquors will always be kept, while for the table the very best that the market affords will always be supplied. Mr. John Lantz has charge of the Restaurant and Night Department, and guarantees that customers will always be accommodated, at whatever hour they may come. Lunch will be served every day from 10 to 12 o'clock.

WHO IS TO BLAME!

The Needy, Sick and Dying of Memphis vs. The Officials.

Letter from Acting Mayor Ruffin.

In our issue of yesterday morning, we detailed the circumstances attending the attempts of three miserable unfortunates to gain admission into the City Hospital. We made a plain statement of facts—attacking nobody, blaming nobody in particular, but showing that a condition of affairs existed among us which is a disgrace, a burning shame, to any community which calls itself Christian or civilized. During the day we received the following note on the subject from Gen. J. D. Ruffin, Mayor *pro tem*, to which we propose to say a few words:

MEMPHIS, TENN., July 20, 1868.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

Gentlemen: In your Monday morning issue I notice an article headed "a burning shame—who is to blame." Now, sir, if your local would inform himself upon city ordinances before he condemned the officials, he would serve the public a better purpose. Many come to this city from the country and apply for hospital permits, who, when asked if they live in the city, they answer no, but have been advised to come to the city authorities. I send them immediately to the County Commissioners, to be sent to the county hospital. No one is entitled to admission in the city hospital who has lived here over twelve months; neither can the city take charge of all the paupers that are brought here by rail and boats. The cases you speak of had a permit sent to them Saturday, which was the first intimation I had of their sickness.

Very Respectfully, J. D. RUFFIN,
Mayor *pro tem.*

In the first place, the local has not "condemned the officials." The local simply stated *facts*—facts that he can prove by every member of the First District Metropolitan Police, and if the officials are condemned, it is these *facts* that condemn them. We mentioned no hospital, no official, we only know that some one is grossly and criminally at fault, and whether city official or county official, we neither know nor care. The city charges the blame on the county, and the county no doubt will charge it back on the city; and, between them, human beings—men, and women, and children, drop and die in our streets, unheeded and uncared for, and when an editor calls attention to the fact, he is gravely told that he had better read the City Ordinances.

Gen. Ruffin says that no one is entitled to admittance to the City Hospital who has been over twelve months in the city; and in the very next sentence he tells us that the city cannot take care of paupers and strangers brought here. In the name of common sense and humanity, for whom, then, *is* the hospital? Is it for the special benefit of those who are in that transient state, between a citizen of the city and a citizen of the county? If not for paupers, or in other words, people *too poor* to pay for medical attendance, for whom is it? If it is simply for those who *are able* to pay, it ceases to be a charitable institution.

All this, however, we leave to be discussed another time, (and we promise the gentleman to come back to it and produce *more facts* and facts of a different character from those that we have already given.) We have now simply to do with Gen. Ruffin's note. That the General gave permits as soon as he heard of the cases we cited, no one who knows his humanity and kindness of heart will doubt for a moment; but whose fault is it that he never heard of the case of the woman Mary Allen until Saturday? It was reported at his office, or at the municipal building, on the Wednesday, Thursday and Friday previous. For this, we have the word of Capt. Simons and Sgt. Brown of the 1st District Police and we again ask *who* was it that failed to let Gen. Ruffin know of the case until four days had elapsed, and the patient was nearly at death's door? Why was it that the permit for the man found on Poplar street was delayed until he was so far gone that he was a corpse before he reached the hospital? Let us know, in the name of humanity!

In conclusion, (for the present, only,) we thank Gen. Ruffin for his suggestion as to the duties of the local, and beg leave to assure him that if he will pay some body to do our work for a month, send us in a copy of the city ordinances, handsomely bound, a few dozen champaigne a few hundred cigars, and provide a boy to keep the flies off us, we will try and past ourselves in the ordinances so that in condemning the officials hereafter, "we can serve the public to a better purpose."

AFTER THE KUKLUX.

We heard it stated yesterday that on Saturday night last, while the citizens generally were looking for a Kuklux parade, an ambulance came to the first district station and brought two large boxes, which were said to contain the bodies of two negroes, who were killed out on the Pigeon Roost road. When the coast was clear, the said boxes were taken down through the rear cell, below stairs, into the front one, and there opened and a large amount of weapons and munitions of war taken therefrom. The station house was converted into an armory for the nonce, and the doughty warriors of the M. P. brigade were all on the *qui vive* for Kuklux that did not come. We are given to understand that if they had turned out dreadful things would have happened. That a portion of the above is true, we are prepared to believe, but how much reliance is to be placed on the details, we leave the reader to judge.

ANOTHER BLIND MAN MADE TO SEE.—This is to certify that I had sore eyes for four years, and that I was almost totally blind in one eye for three years, and had been treated by several physicians without any relief. About four weeks ago I went to Dr. Norris, Oculist, No. 59 Madison street, Memphis, and today, after submitting to his treatment only four weeks, my eyes are perfectly well, and I can see as clear as any one. I make this statement for the benefit of those afflicted as I have been, and I say to them in all candor, call on Dr. Norris, and be speedily cured. I can be found at the Gas Works, head of Main street, at any time. THOMAS MALAY.

MEMPHIS, TENN., July 20, 1868.

Messrs. W. B. WIGGS & CO.:

Gentlemen: For several years I was troubled more or less with Piles, for which complaint I was treated by the best physicians to no purpose; indeed, I gradually became worse, until at last I began to despair of relief from any source. While in this condition I was recommended to try your Buckeye Salve. Making up my mind to try it, I am now happy to say that it had the desired effect, as I am now well and hearty, for which I am indebted to your wonderful remedy. Yours, truly,
F. J. WARNER

Upon receipt of $1 00 a bottle of this Salve will be mailed, free of postage.

TO THE DENTAL AND MEDICAL PROFESSION.—The second annual session of the *Tennessee State Dental Association* will convene in this city to-day, at ten o'clock a.m., at Dr. Arrington's office. Dentists and physicians are respectfully invited to attend and take part in the discussions.

WM. T. ARRINGTON,
MEMPHIS, July 21, 1868. Secretary.

THE TRUSTEESHIP.

Minutes of the Meeting of Justices.

JULY 20, 1868.—Meeting was called to order by R. B. Miller at 11 a. m., pursuant to the call of the 10th inst., at the City Hall.

T. C. Blackley was called to the Chair and J. S. Black acted as Secretary.

On motion of W. H. Walker the names of all the Justices of Shelby county was obtained from John League, County Court Clerk.

The roll being called the following Justices answered to their names:

1st District—R. M Bond; 2nd District—W. P. York; 4th District—James Carroll; 5th District—Ed. Kiernan, Patrick Sherry, Michael Foley and F. B. Millard; 6th District—Andrew Stewart and Ira Moore; 10th District—T. C. Blackley; 11th District—W. H. Walker and W. T. Jones; 12th District—Thos Holman and Hume F. Hill; 13th District—W. S. Walton and J. S. Black; 14th District—S. A. Moore and J. T. Elliott; 15th District—R. B. Miller, R. H. Glisson and Walter Stanley; 16th District—C. L. Brooks and J. H. Goodlett; 17th District—J. Massey and W. S. Smith.

By W. T. Jones:

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting advertise at the Court House door for the Justices of the county to meet at the Court House in the city of Memphis, on the first Monday in August next, to elect a Trustee, Coroner and Ranger, for the county of Shelby. Carried.

By R. B. Miller:

Resolved, That Judge Scruggs and Judge King be waited on and their legal advice be obtained, and that they give it to this meeting. Carried.

By W. T. Jones:

Resolved, That the city papers friendly to right and justice, be requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting. Carried.

J. H. Goodlett moved to adjourn, to meet at 11 a. m., first Monday in August next.

The meeting adjourned.

J. S. BLACK, J. P., Acting Sec'y.

NEGRO FOUND DEAD.

Mysterious Affair.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

A negro, by name Joshua, formerly employed on the Lake Place, the property of E. Easley, in the 13th district of this county, was found dead under rather mysterious circumstances Thursday last. Some week or more previously to the time he was discovered, deceased left the plantation for the purpose of going fishing in a stream known as the Cut Off; not returning at night, he was sought for by his father and others, but nothing but his fishing lines were found. His mysterious disappearance caused considerable sensation on the plantation, and they continued to hunt for him several days, without success, and finally concluded that he, by some accident, had been drowned. Thursday last, however, his body was found by his father, some two miles from where he left his fishing lines, on the bank of the same stream, with evident marks of his having been shot in the side and in the head. He was lying in the position he was supposed to have fallen. I give you this account, which I think reliable, that the proper authorities may discharge their duty, and give a report of the case to the public. As for myself, I cannot bear the idea of any human being thus being slain, without some public notice of it.

Repectfully, etc.,

MEETING IN THE TENTH WARD.—A large meeting of Democrats of the Tenth Ward was held at P. Teufel's last night to organize a club in that ward. Col. R. F. Looney was called to the chair. A committee of five, appointed on permanent organization, reported as follows, the meeting unanimously adopting the report:

President—R. F. Looney.
Vice Presidents—P. Fleming, Charles Doman, jr., Joseph Tuefel, A. Wright, J. W. Clapp.
Recording Secretary—John Donovan.
Corresponding Secretary—A. J. Hays.
Treasurer—H. D. Bulkley.

On motion, the following committees were appointed:

On procuring Hall—A. J. Hays, P. Fleming, P. Teufel.

On Rules and By-laws—John Donovan, John W. Smith, B. F. Boone.

The meeting was addressed by J. W. Smith, John Donovan and other gentlemen.

On motion, the club adjourned to meet on Saturday evening, at eight o'clock, at P. Teufel's South street.

POLITICAL.—The regular meeting of the Fifth Ward Democratic Club will be held this evening, in the old Criminal Courtroom, Greenlaw Opera House, at 8 o'clock. A full attendance of the members is requested, and all Democrats of the ward are invited to be present. It is expected that Judge Scruggs will address the meeting. By order

JOHN P. TOBIN, President.
RE. H. VANCE, Secretary.
Ledger copy.

PERSONAL.

—We had the pleasure of meeting yesterday, and taking by the hand, our companion Col. Harry Maury, of Mobile, a gentleman and a soldier, gallant and gay. Col. Harry has been to the Hot Springs of Arkansas for two months past, and returns homeward now, looking as fresh and debonair as when he sat his steed at the head of his gallant regiment of *sabreurs*, in the "old Confederate times." Fortune has smiled on him of late, and he deserves all of good that the fickle goddess can now give him, in return for the many hard knocks she has dealt him in times gone by.

—The following of our fellow-citizens have returned from their trip Northward, and were to be seen on the streets yesterday: Hon. John W. Leftwich, Judge J. W. Brown, J. G. Moffat, Esq., W. S. Bruce, Ed. A. Beecher, Esq., Dr. Mitchel, A. Woodward, Esq., C. C. Smith, Esq., J. R. Graham, Esq., Rev. Dr. Collins, Dr. Johnstone, George W. L. Crook, Esq., and A. E. Frankland, Esq.

—ASA HILL, Esq., Passenger Agent of the Memphis & Louisville Railroad, returned yesterday from a trip to the Mammoth Cave.

POLICE ITEMS.

There were five arrests up to 8 o'clock, P. M., in the 2nd district, 3 black and 2 white.

Ned Moore a river news boy was fined $50 for stabbing a negro mackerel yesterday. A crowd of newsboys of which Moore was one found something on the levee and the mackerel tried to take it away, a fight ensued, and the mackerel was stabbed.

There were 15 arrests up to eleven o'clock in the first district.

Eleven arrests for obstructing the sidewalks were made yesterday, in the first district.

Two peace warrants comprise the whole of the business done in the magistrate courts yesterday.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. Blair has removed his office from corner of Adams and Second streets to No. 225 Main street, Worsham House Block. jy21 1w

"MERCHANTS."—Ice cold Ale and Porter, on draught, 10 cents; Ice cold "Half and Half," 10 cents; straight and mixed drinks, 15 cents. Try it, at the "Merchants'," northeast corner Main and Madison streets.

IMPORTANT FROM FRANKLIN.

Passengers by last night's train report a fearful riot in progress at Franklin, Tenn., between the negroes and the Ku-Klux Klan. The fight was progressing when the train left. No particulars.

THE COURTS.

CHANCERY COURT—*A. Alston, Clerk and Master.*—The Clerk and Master will take an account to-day in the case of Wills et al vs. Whitemore et al.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge*—stands adjourned until Friday next.

CRIMINAL COURT—*Wm. Hunter Judge.*—The Jury in the case of the State vs. John Cosgrove, (indictment for murder) returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree.

At the conclusion of the examination in the case of the State vs. Fred. Chambers, Wm. Wash, Polk Thomas and Ed. Allen, Judge Hunter ordered the discharge of Chambers and Wash. The defendant Thomas was bound over to keep the peace in the sum of $2000, and Allen in the sum of $1000.

The defendants were arrested upon a bench warrant, and charged with committing an assault and battery upon the person of a negro man. This has been known as the Ku-Klux case—the parties being charged with being members of this famous klan.

To-day the case of the State vs. Thos. Leonard, indictment for embezzlement, has been set specially for trial.

The case of P. D. Beecher, embezzlement, was continued over to Wednesday week. The other cases set for the week will be called up in their regular order.

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge.* The case of Robert Moore & Co. vs. Oliver has been set specially for trial to-day, and will probably be on trial several days.

BANKRUPTCY COURT—*T. J. Latham, Register.*—A final discharge in bankruptcy was granted on yesterday to R. H. Golightly.

Those persons who have filed petitions in the Court of Bankruptcy, and who have only paid fifty dollars, are informed that nothing is being done in their cases at present, and that no further proceedings will be taken in them until they pay the additional fifty dollars, required by law, into the Clerk's hands, or make special application to the Register to have their cases taken up and proceeded with, with the understanding that the additional fifty dollars will be paid on receiving his final discharge. There are over two hundred cases in this position at the present time. The Court will adjourn on the 15th of August till the 1st day of October next, and unless applications are made, as referred to above, or the additional fifty dollars is deposited with the Clerk before the adjournment of the Court, much delay will necessarily occur in obtaining final discharges.

TO STEAMBOAT CAPTAINS who may wish to secure the services of an excellent A No. 1 steward, who can give the very best references—such a one can be furnished by addressing "Democratic darky," APPEAL office, Memphis. 3t

FRUIT JARS at Lloyd, Clarke & Co.'s

THE allotted time of Dr. James' stay in Memphis having expired, he will in future be addressed at his home office, 91 and 93 Randolph street, Chicago, and postoffice address, box 5883 Chicago, Ill. See advertisement in another column, for particulars.

LLOYD, CLARKE & Co. have fruit jars.

FRUIT JARS at 321 Main street.

Business, Visiting and Wedding Cards Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

Go to 321 Main street for fruit jars.

DON'T forget that our sale at cost for Boots and Shoes and Hats still continues at our old stand, 279 Main street.
J. T. HANDLAN & CO.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. Mortimore at Buena Vista Springs, Russellville, Kentucky.

BUENA VISTA SPRINGS, RUSSELLVILLE, Logan county, Ky.—Mr. friends in Los South who desire to consult or place themselves under my treatment, can address or come and consult me personally from this date until 1st of October next, at the favorite Watering Place, and these justly celebrated Mineral Springs. As heretofore, I will still devote my attention to treatment of all the various forms of Chronic Diseases, especially to *Diseases of the Lungs* and Organs of the Chest, as also all the various affective forms of FEMALE Diseases.
jy9 d3tw4w3m D. MORTIMORE, M. D.

Early Marriages.—Dr. Franklin advocates Early Marriages. Essays for Young Men, on this and other subjects, being a GUIDE TO MARRIAGE and Conjugal Felicity, by benevolent Physicians, sent by mail, in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa.
me21 3m

GAS FIXTURES, ETC.

GAS FIXTURES.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Gas Chandeliers, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 12 Lights,
Pendants, 1 and 2 Lights,
Brackets, 1 and 2 Lights,
Pillars and Globes,

Latest styles of Cornelius & Baker's celebrated manufacture, for sale at Factory Prices.
je7 das tf PULLEN & MAMMOCK.

J. H. SPEED. J. P. STRANGE.

Speed & Strange,
WITH HOWELL, WOOD & CO.,
DEALERS IN
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
"SOUTHERN PALACE,"
332 MAIN STREET, : : : MEMPHIS.

WE have the pleasure of informing our friends and former customers that we have engaged with Messrs. Howell, Wood & Co., at our old stand, and can be found there at all times with an elegant stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods. We flatter ourselves that we are acquainted with the wants of our people, and have determined to devote our time and energy to this our old and favorite business. We therefore hope our friends will call and renew their trade at the old stand of Speed, Danoho & Strange. Respectfully,

J. H. SPEED,
J. P. STRANGE.
Memphis, July 12, 1868. jy13 1wdaw

Trust Sale.

PURSUANT to the provisions of a Deed of Trust executed to me as Trustee on the 1st day of February, 1867, by Jos. W. Alley, which has been duly registered in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tenn., in book No. 69, pages 331 and 332, for the purpose of securing the payment of certain notes described in said deed, I will,

On the 29th Day of July, 1868,

Between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m. expose to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, at the courthouse door, on Union street, below Second street, in the city of Memphis, the following described real estate, conveyed by said deed, to wit: Situated in the city of Memphis, beginning at the southwest corner of Shelby and Pontotoc streets; thence with the west side of Shelby street twenty-five feet south; thence parallel with Pontotoc street westward one hundred feet to the east side of Clinton street; thence northward with the east line of Clinton street twenty-six feet to the south line of Pontotoc street; thence eastward with the south line of Pontotoc street two hundred feet to the beginning; being part of the lot conveyed to said Jos. W. Alley by F. Lane on the 16th day of May, 1866.

The title is believed to be perfect, but I will convey only such as is vested in me as Trustee. The equity of redemption is waived.
je22 td F. W. ROYSTER, Trustee.

BUCK EYE SALVE,
GREAT REMEDY FOR PILES.

Sold by A. RENKERT,
jy1 120 Main street.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

LOUISVILLE, July 20.—The river is rising, with four feet two inches in the canal. The weather is very warm.

ST. LOUIS, July 20.—The river is about standing at this point.

MEMPHIS, July 21.—Yesterday was another hot day, but not so much so as Sunday, Saturday, or several other days of last week. It was warm enough, however, to make the shady side of streets popular with pedestrians. River reporters and a few others who had to visit the levee where there was no shade agreed with Mart Walt that "it was too d—d hot for anything but to drink cobblers and sell ice." The river fell two or three inches in the past twenty-four hours. We say it fell, but we think it would be better to say that three or four inches of the top had evaporated in the sun, leaving that much less in the channel. White river is falling, with five feet to Augusta. The Arkansas has three feet to the Rock.

Arrivals.

Steamer Frank Pargoud, New Orleans.
" Commercial, White river.

Departures.

Steamer Frank Pargoud, St. Louis.
" Natoma, Friar's Point.
" City of Cairo, St. Louis.
" Ozark, Arkansas river.

In Port.

Commercial and Mollie Hambleton.

MISCELLANEOUS.

We have recently heard of more than one "Dead Beat" imposing upon our steamboat friends as attaches of the *Appeal*, and thereby receiving attentions not their due. This will notify steamboat clerks and masters that no person is authorized to travel on account of or for this paper, except they bear with them a certificate to that effect from the Business Manager, stamped with the office seal.

The United States Mail packet Commercial, Capt. Ashford, leaves to-day at 5 p. m., for all points on White river. The "Old Reliable" connects with the Little Rock train at Devall's Bluff. Charley and John Smithers are clerks.

The Marble City, Capt. Conway, is the next regular St. Louis packet, leaving on Thursday evening.

The W. A. Caldwell, Capt. Haynes, will be in port to leave on Thursday for Little Rock and way points on the Arkansas.

The Darling, Capt. Kates, with Mr. Power in the office, leaves promptly tomorrow for Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati. As she is the only boat for that port, this week, she will get a fine trip.

The towboat Mohawk passed down yesterday.

Small shipments of fruit have been received at this port from parties at Skipwith's Landing. The fruit has been allowed to lay upon the Wharfboats here until it rotted, and the shippers did not realize enough to pay freights. We would caution persons on the river below to be careful to whom they ship. We learn that the consignee in the case above mentioned, was not able to raise money enough to pay the freight.

The Pargoud passed up yesterday. She came into port like a race horse.

Colonel Billy Dill, of the St. Louis wharfboat, has been appointed agent for the sale of the celebrated tobacco soap—a dead sure thing on all kinds of vermin which infest beds, horses, dogs, etc. It is now used very extensively in cleaning up staterooms, and might be of benefit to some steamers plying in these waters.

At last a class of men have been found in our midst who will not tolerate the outrages which have been perpetrated in our city for years back. The jury in the case of Cosgrove, indicted for murder, yesterday, brought in a verdict of "murder in the first degree." A large proportion of the jury were steamboatmen, and they have proven by their verdict that they believe in the supremacy of the laws, and do not shirk the responsibility of carrying them out. A few more juries composed of river men, and Memphis will be redeemed.

The handsome Mollie Hambleton, Capt. Tom Bowman, clerks Paine, Clark and Snell, leaves to-day at her usual hour, for the St. Francis river as far as Wittsburg. She takes freight for all way points.

"Yawcob," of the Searcy *Record*, was in Evansville, Ind., on Saturday last.

The John Kilgour on her trip up the Ohio was unable to get over the Portland bar, and had to stop at New Albany.

The Legal Tender is still at Louisville, but leaves for New Orleans on Wednesday.

The Ruth left New Orleans Saturday evening and will pass up to-morrow morning. She has 910 bars railroad iron.

One of the Bristol steamboats had to be sawed through on her trip from New York city to Bristol, to repair defective machinery.

Sand Island, in the river, opposite Portland, Ky., is becoming celebrated for its fish fries.

The Tempest leaves Louisville for this port to-morrow.

The Clifton has gone into summer quarters in Licking river, opposite Cincinnati.

The E-sayens has arrived at the mouth of the Mississippi, and will commence operations soon as possible.

A stranger conversing with some seamen who had been engaged in the navy during the war, asked one of them if he had received any prize money. "Ooh, indeed, your honor, yes—a little; it was sifted through a ladder, and all that fell through went to the officers—all that stuck to the steps was left to the men."

COAL.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF FRESH
Pittsburg Coal,
—FOR THE—
HAYS COAL COMPANY
(Successors to BRIGGS & PETERSON.)

WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in best Pittsburg Coal, from the Hays Mines, first pool, Monongahela river.
Office—224 Madison street. mh25 tf

Quickest Route to New York
—AND ALL—
PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES
—IS BY THE—
Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.

Summer Schedules, June, 1868.

Double Daily Through Trains
RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis	7:00 a.m.	4:00 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:00 a.m.	6:30 p.m.
" Cincinnati	12 noon.	11:50 p.m.
" Cleveland	9 50 p.m.	6 25 a.m.
" Buffalo	5:30 a.m.	1:35 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:00 a.m.	4:35 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m
" Baltimore	6:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
" Washington	8:00 p.m.	5:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	6:1 p.m.	1:25 a.m.
" New York	7:40 p.m.	6:00 a.m.
" Boston	12 night.	4:00 p.m.

Both Trains connect for Nashville.

The 4:00 p.m connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

MASONIC DIRECTORY 1868.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. B. Forster, 234 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday o each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second A. J. Wheeler, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LUELA SCOTT, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, corner Madison and Second Moses Seelig, W. M.; C. Curtis, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 299. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. H. J. Lynn, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 341. Meets 4th Friday of each month—at South Memphis Hall, corner of Madison and Second. George Mellersh, 32d. W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 32d. Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent; M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

UREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A. AND A. SCOTTISH RITE. 264 Front Street.

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G. M.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.

MITHRAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th.; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Mellersh, 32d, G. M.; A. K. Frankland, 32d, Sec.

CASIPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d., Tarsh.; ——, Sec.

CALVARY Chapter of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M. W.; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSEIS Council of K—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.; William Y. Grode, 32d, Rec.

CONSISTORY OF WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 32d., Comm.; in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Rec.

I. O. O. F.

GAYOSO ENCAMPMENT, No. 3, I. O. O. F. Meets on the 1st and 3d Thursday nights of each month. Geo. Mellersh, C. P.; Thomas Bacon, Scribe. jy6

CHICKASAW LODGE, No. 8. Meets every Monday night at 8 o'clock. Dr. George W. Acree, N. G.; Thomas Bacon, Secretary. jy12

LAWYERS.

ALBERT PIKE, CHARLES W. ADAMS, L. H. PIKE.

PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE,

Attorneys, Solicitors & Proctors

ATTEND to cases in the different Courts sitting at Memphis, and in the river counties of Arkansas.

☞ The Senior partner will hereafter especially attend to cases in the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims of the United States at Washington, being of the firm of PIKE & JOHNSON, or that city.

Office in the MADAM VINCENT BLOCK, corner of Court and Second streets.

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSON.

PIKE & JOHNSON,

Attorneys, Counsellors & Solicitors

THIS firm, the junior member of which has had large experience in Departmental and other business during many years' service in Congress, will practice in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims at Washington, where the junior partner will reside. It will also attend to claims before Congress and the Departments.

The office of the firm will be opened in Washington, by the 1st of September next. Meanwhile, communications addressed to ALBERT PIKE, Box 8, P. O., Memphis or to ROBERT W. JOHNSON, Pine Bluff, Arkansas, will receive prompt attention. jy3 1y

MARLAND L. PERKINS,

Attorney at Law

—AND—

SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,

Rooms 5 & 6 Knickerbocker Building,

16 MADISON STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Special attention given to Internal Revenue and Admiralty cases. may6

WRIGHT, L. D. M'KISICK. LUKE E. WRIGHT.

WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,

Attorneys at Law,

IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street.

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.

L. H. PIKE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

—AND—

Solicitor in Chancery,

Little Rock, - - Arkansas.

Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to. jn8 1f

Architect and Engineer.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to devote his whole attention to Designing Plans and Superintending Buildings, with as much energy and attention to his patron's interest as he did for the City's interest while City Engineer.

OFFICE—Stillman Block, Second and Madison streets. Charges reasonable.

J. H. McCLURE, Architect and Engineer.

BUCK EYE SALVE,

GREAT REMEDY FOR PILES.

Sold by W. C. POTTER,

jy1 No. 335 Main street, corner Union.

Creditors and Non-Resident Notice.

In Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee.

No. 230, N. R. D.—W. S. Wilkerson, et al., vs. The Franklin Insurance and Banking Company, et al,

In this cause it appearing that defendants Joseph F. Limbs, John F. Meyer and Louis Fuss (firm of "Limbs, Meyer & Fuss"), are non-residents of the State of Tennessee: It is therefore ordered by the Court, that they make their appearance herein, on or before the first Monday in May, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and cause set for hearing ex parte. It is further ordered that all persons claiming to be creditors, or having any character of demands, against the "Franklin Insurance and Banking Company of Memphis," shall immediately come into this Court and have themselves made parties to this suit, and file their claims with the Clerk and Master, with proper evidence of the same, that they may severally recover their ratable shares of the assets of said Company, to be distributed in this cause; and that a copy of this order be published in the Memphis Daily Appeal for three (3) months from this date.

March 10, 1868.

A copy—attest: A. ALSTON, C. and M.

R. J. BLACK, D. C. and M.

Estes, Jackson & McDavitt, and E. Burke Pickett, Solicitors. mh11 3m

BUCK EYE SALVE,

SURE CURE, for PILES.

Sold by J. W. FALLS & CO,

jy1 No. 351 Main street.

GEORGE M. THEW, ASSIGNEE OF THE President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Augusta. In Equity. Vs. Archibald Boggs and Others, Creditors of said Corporation.

It appearing to the Court, by affidavit filed in pursuance of the rule of Court, that Thomas Branch, James R. Branch, of the State of Virginia; William Dougherty, John A. James, William S. Fowlkes, Clinton L. Brown, Miles M. Dobbins, Lemuel P. Grant, Lewis J. Dupree, Thomas H. Clarke, Benjamin C. Yancey, James S. Hamilton, Stevens Thomas, Olin F. Dearing, Young L. G. Harris, Robert Thomas, Benjamin F. Hardeman, Millege Murphy, William Cline, Charles O. Hillman, Andrew J. Cheesy, John C. Lee, Willis Rigon, John Carter, William H. Murphy, Jasper N. Pitman, John W. Stewart, all of different counties in the State of Georgia, other than Richmond county; Thomas J. Mackie, of South Carolina; Robert A. Wash, of Missouri; William B Shappard, of Alabama; John Savage and Hugh McRae, of Tennessee; John D. O'Leary, of Kentucky; and Benjamin F. Allen, of Iowa or Wisconsin; reside out of the county of Richmond, in which the above case which has been filed in the Clerk's office of this Court, returnable to June Term, 1868, of said Court, has originated: It is therefore ordered that a copy of this order be served upon the said defendants, or published once a week for six weeks in some public gazette in the States of Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky, Virginia, Missouri, Iowa or Wisconsin, or an acknowledgment of service be obtained from said defendants, and that the said defendants do then appear and answer said bill at the said June Term, 1868, of this Court, or in default thereof, that said bill be taken as confessed against said defendants, and that said cause do then proceed without them.

GEORGIA, RICHMOND COUNTY,

Clerk's Office, Superior Court:

I, Lafayette McLaws, Clerk of said Court, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the order of said Court in the case stated, as recorded February 19, 1868, upon the Minutes of the Court folio (25).

Witness my official signature and [SEAL] seal of said Court this 23d day of April, 1868.

LAFAYETTE McLAWS

ma8 law6w Clerk S. C., R. C., Ga.

NOTICE.

AT a meeting of the Directors of the DeSoto Insurance and Trust Company, held this day at the Company's office, a dividend of six per cents, free of Government tax, was declared upon the capital stock of said Company.

July 7, 1868 J. G. LONSDALE, Secretary.

Ledger copy. jy8

NEW YORK CARDS.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

DAIRYMEN, FARMERS,

AND OTHERS

CONSIGN YOUR

Ashes, Beeswax, Beans,

Butter, Cheese, Eggs,

Flour and Meal,

Flax, Cotton,

Furs and Skins,

Dried and Green Fruits,

Grain, Wool, Game,

Poultry, Naval Stores,

Hops, Ginseng, Feathers,

Hemp, Provisions,

Oil, Lard, Tallow

Tobacco, Seeds, Sorghum,

Molasses, Etc., Etc.,

—TO—

JOSIAH CARPENTER,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

442 Washington Street,

NEW YORK CITY,

And receive his weekly PRICE CURRENT of Produce and Groceries, the most complete Price Current published in the United States.

SEND FOR A PRICE CURRENT

Marking Plates and Cards Furnished Free.

Liberal Advances Made on Consignments.

ESTABLISHED MAY 1, 1860

First Class References Given when Required.

feb25 1y

REEVES' AMBROSIA

FOR THE HAIR.

Improved!

It is an elegant Dressing for the Hair.

It cau es the Hair to Curl beautifully.

It Keeps the Scalp Clean and Healthy.

It Invigrates the Roots of the Hair.

It forces the Hair and Beard to grow luxuriantly.

It immediately stops Hair Falling Out.

It keeps the Hair from Changing Color from Age

It restores Gray Hair to its Original Color.

It brings out Hair on heads that have been bald for years.

It is composed entirely of simple and purely vegetable substances.

It has received over six thousand voluntary testimonials of its excellence, many of which are from physicians in high standing.

It is sold in half-pound bottles (the name blown in the glass), by Druggists and Dealers in Fancy Goods everywhere, at One Dollar per Bottle.

Wholesale by Demas Barnes & Co.; F. C. Wells & Co.; Schieffelin & Co., New York.

jm14 1y

THE BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO.

PIANO-FORTES.

WHOLESALE AGENCY.

THE subscriber, late a member of this well known firm, has established a Wholesale Agency,

783 Broadway, New York City,

Opposite A. T. Stewart's Dry Goods Palace, corner Tenth street.

Where he will be pleased to receive the orders of his friends and public, and especially to hear from those who have so liberally bestowed their patronage on the firm heretofore. He will supply these superior instruments to the trade, Wholesale and Retail, at the very Lowest Prices, made with the Insulated Iron Rim and Frame (cast in one solid plate). They excel all others in durability, superiority of tone, and elegance of external appearance.

All these Pianos have overstrung Scales, giving the connection with the patent iron rim and frame, Full, Round, Powerful and Sweet Mellow Tones. The Cases are elegant in appearance, and easily and safely handled.

☞ Warranted to prove satisfactory, or the money returned.

Address all orders to

Siberia Ott,

ma6 daw10m 783 Broadway, New York.

Our Latest Improved

NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

GROVESTEEN & CO.,

499 Broadway, N. Y.,

THESE instruments, after the most flattering testimonials from the first Pianists in the country, who, at our solicitation, have tested them in the severest manner *possible*, have been pronounced THE FINEST SQUARE PIANO-FORTE MADE IN THE WORLD.

It has always been our policy, during the *thirteen* years that we have manufactured Pianos, *twelve thousand* of which are now in use in the United States and Europe, to give the finest instrument at the lowest cost. Our superior facilities enable us to offer them from one to three hundred dollars less than any other First Class House.

The tones of these Instruments are remarkable for their peculiar Sweetness and Great Brilliancy, never losing their quality when forced to their utmost capacity. The lower register retaining its positiveness, does not destroy the middle and upper registers by mingling with them in disagreeable confusion, the refined beauty of tone being equally delightful to the unpracticed and to the most cultivated ear.

These are an entirely new style of Piano, finished in the most superb manner, with *full round corners front and back*, heavily carved legs and Lyre Serpentine Base richly moulded, and each instrument is fully warranted for five years. sep5 dawly

TERWILLIGER & CO.,

Manufacturers of the Improved Triple Flange

Fire and Burglar Proof

SAFES,

With Combination and Powder-Proof Locks. Warranted free from Dampness.

Manufactory, 180 to 192 West Houston St., Depot, 109 Maiden Lane, near Pearl st., New York.

se5 daw10m

PATENT MEDICINES.

LOUISIANA SELTZER AND MINERAL WATER MANUFACTORY, No. 71 Perdido street, New Orleans. Seltzer Water put up in bottles for the country at $2 per case of one dozen, and at $5 25 per barrel of three dozen. Also, Tarred Seltzer Water at 15c per bottle; Vichy Water at 25c per bottle. Orders left at the Factory, or addressed through the postoffice to Glass Box, No. 1514, New Orleans, promptly attended to.

TREMOULET & LETOREY, Proprietors.

an21 3m

TAX PAYERS, TAKE NOTICE!

PHILIP GARVIN, Tax Collector for 1867, has been selling lands for the Tax of 1867 all this week, will finish to-day at the Circuit Courthouse door. Tax Payers will bear in mind that a PENALTY OF FIFTY PERCENT. will immediately accrue on all lands sold either to individuals or the State, and rigid legislation has recently been enacted against those who fail to pay their taxes. The Collector will be engaged for a week in making out his report of sales, during which time he will accommodate those who desire to contribute their part in the support of the government. jy10 1w

ST. LOUIS.

THE COLLIER WHITE LEAD & OIL COMPANY. ESTABLISHED 1837. INCORPORATED 1851. ST. LOUIS, MO.

THOMAS RICHESON.....PRESIDENT
CHARLES K. VICKERS.....SECRETARY

COLLIER COMPANY'S MANUFACTURES

For Sale

BY ALL DEALERS IN

Memphis and Mississippi Valley

ap9 d eodawém

HAIR GOODS.

Appeal Job Office.

Catalogues,
Catalogues,
Constitutions,
Constitutions,
By-Laws'
By-Laws,
Pamphle
Pamphlets,

—AND—

Books of all Kinds,
Books of all Kinds,

PRINTED IN THE

BEST STYLE AT LOW PRICES

—AT THE—

APPEAL JOB OFFICE

To Farmers.

WE are prepared to furnish SACKS, and devote our special attention to the

Storing and Sale of all Wheat

CONSIGNED TO OUR CARE,

HARRIS, COCHRAN & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,

NO. 254 FRONT STREET,

jy9 1m

New Firm.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the name and style of JOY, for the purpose of transacting a General Commission Business. JAMES NORTON, LEVI JOY.

Memphis, Tenn., July 6, 1868.

CARD.

JAMES NORTON, late of Davis & Norton. LEVI JOY, late of Wormeley, Joy & Co.

NORTON & JOY.

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 334 Front Street, : : : Memphis, Tenn.

jy8 3m

BUCK EYE SALVE,

THE GREAT REMEDY for PILES.

Sold by ROSE & VIGUS,

jy1 97 Main street.

100,000 BUSHELS

—OF—

Wheat Wanted

FOR which we will pay the HIGHEST CASH PRICE, at the "CITY MILLS," on Third street, near Beal.

jy7 1m A. L. HARRIS & CO.

Depot of the Celebrated

"Hoffheimer's" Bavarian Bitters,

—AT—

BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 276 Front street, : : : Memphis, Tenn

jy4 6m

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust to me executed on the first day of November, 1865, which deed is of record in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in Record Book No. 58, part 1, pages 548, 549 and 550, to secure the payment of certain notes therein described and set forth, one of which falls due to-day and unpaid; now, there are by virtue of the power in me vested by said Trust Deed, I will, on

Monday, the 3d day of August, 1868,

Proceed to sell, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. of that day, on board of the said Wharfboat, the Wharf-boat "PEABODY CITY" lying at the wharf at the city of Memphis, State of Tennessee, at public vendue, to the highest and best bidder, for cash in hand.

jy13 td DAN ABLE, Trust'e.

CREDITORS' NOTICE.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.

No. 260, N. R. D.—Jesse W. Page et al. vs. The Commercial Bank of Tennessee et al.

IN this cause it appears that the names and residences of the creditors of the Commercial Bank of Tennessee are unknown, and that a decree has been entered directing them to be made parties to this suit:

It is therefore ordered, That all creditors of said Bank make their appearance herein, at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday in October, 1868, file and establish their claims and demands with the Clerk and Master, and give them such notice as the parties desire, or the same will be forever barred and cause proceeded with ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Post.

A copy—Attest: AUGUSTUS ALSTON,

Clerk and Master.

By R. J. BLACK, Deputy Clerk and Master.

Capp, Vance & Anderson, Solicitors for Complainants. jy11

The Mercantile Agency.

THE undersigned take pleasure in announcing to the business men of Memphis that they have now on hand the REVISED REFERENCE BOOK for July, 1868, to which we call special attention. All business men are respectfully invited to call and examine it, together with the detailed reports on our records. We invite THE inquiries to prove the value of our institution.

Memphis, July 10, 1868. R. G. DUN & CO.

jy12 1m

BUCK EYE SALVE,

THE GREAT REMEDY for PILES.

Sold by MORRISON & ELLIS,

jy1 192 Main street.

IMPORTANT to PLANTERS.

FRIAR'S POINT, MISS., June 10, 1868.

Messrs. MANSFIELD & HIGBEE,

Druggists, Memphis, Tennessee:

GENTLEMEN: You ask me for my statement of results to your cure for ERYSIPELAS or CHARBON & IN HORSES and MULES, which you style

"MAGIC ARNICA LINIMENT."

I have used your Liniment, in about two dozen cases with perfect success. I had lost all hope of a remedy, but believe your discovery "THE REMEDY." I have not failed in a single case in which I have applied your Liniment. I believe it is a valuable discovery. Think every planter should provide himself with the Magic Arnica Liniment. No planter should be without your remedy where this terrible disease prevails. I have supplied each of my plantations. My supervisors report favorable upon every trial.

Very respectfully, yours, etc.,

J. L. ALCORN.

☞ Price $1 per bottle; $6 per dozen. jy4 lmdaw

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, July 20, 1868.

We have a quiet money market to review this week. There is no diminution reported in the volume of currency at our banks, as there is but little doing in the way of discounts, and so far currency has not been shipped to meet exchange, except in small quantities. Rates of exchange remain the same as last week. Eastern bills are taken at par to ¼ premium and sold at ¼ premium. Checking on Louisville, Nashville, St. Louis and Cincinnati at ¼ premium, and on New Orleans at the same.

Up to a late hour this afternoon no definite conclusion was arrived at relative to the course which will be pursued by the Merchants' National Bank. As soon, however, as the question is settled whether the bank will resume or go into liquidation the officers of the bank will publish a card stating all the facts. The probability is that it will resume business.

Bonds and stocks are very quiet. The orders on the market for favorite securities, owing to the slight offerings cannot be filled. We quote nominally as follows: Memphis City bonds, 54@55c. Memphis and Charleston railroad stock, 53½. (We quote sales of 25) shares to-day at that figure.) Memphis Gas Company stock, $1 50; Mississippi Central Railroad, 1st mortgage bonds, 58c; 2d do. 40c. Mississippi and Tennessee, 1st mortgage bonds, 50c. Memphis and Louisville 1st mortgage bonds, 30@31c; 2d do. 20c. Memphis and Little Rock bonds, 40c.

Gold has advanced during the week, reaching 143½ three or four days ago. It opened in New York to-day at 143¼ and closed at 143¼. We quote sales during the day of $2000 at 142, $800 at 141½, $350 at 142¾. There is but a light counter demand which is filled at 142¼@143.

The following are the New York quotations for Government securities to-day: Coupons '81, 14½; do '62, 16½; do '64, 11½; do '65, 12½; new issue, 9½; do '67, 9½; 10-40s, 8½; 7-30s, 2d and 3d, 8¼; Old Tennessees, 68½; new do 67¾. Government bonds dull.

City Scrip is very quiet and offerings light. There was some inquiry on the street from outdoor brokers, who were anxious to buy at 70@72c, but we could learn of no sale at those figures. Dealers generally are not anxious to sell, but will do so at 75@78c, as to amount.

County Warrants are in light demand. Some brokers will not pay over 48@50c, but one offers to take $10,000 or $20,000 at 53c. We quote selling at 55@58c.

Police Scrip is dull at 70c buying. Selling at 75c.

The bill changing the tax on whisky, tobacco, cigars, coal oil, etc., has passed both branches of Congress, and only awaits the signature of the President to become a law. The following synopsis of it will interest our readers:

The bill applies to distilled spirits, tobacco, snuff, cigars, coal oils, and sets aside all provisions of existing laws on those articles. The rate of whisky is fixed at fifty cents. Wholesale dealers pay $100 tax on annual sales not over $50,000; one dollar per $1000 on sales in excess of that limit, and per cent. on sales. Retail dealers pay twenty-five dollars. Taxes are collected at the distillery. Whisky and rum may be exported, and a drawback of sixty cents per gallon is allowed to be paid by the Secretary of the Treasury, and not to be due till thirty days after the sailing of the vessel. Distilleries pay four dollars per day while running, and two while work is suspended. There is to be one or more storekeepers for each distillery, to be paid by Government. Whisky now in bond pays four dollars per barrel special tax, and must be withdrawn within nine months. Tobacco pays thirty-two cents on chewing, and sixteen on smoking. The proposition to make warehouses for plug tobacco was not agreed to. Manufactured tobacco can be withdrawn in bond but twice. Snuff pays thirty-two cents; cigars, $5 per 1000; cigarettes, one dollar and a half when not weighing over three pounds per thousand, and five dollars when exceeding this weight.

Coal oil and its manufacturers are hereafter exempt from tax, but distillers and refiners must pay the same tax as other manufacturers by the act of last March. The meter system is again introduced. The new stamp provisions go into effect in sixty days, but the Secretary of the Treasury may in his discretion, put off the time till December. The Secretary and Commissioner may change the style of the stamps. There are to be twenty-five supervisors of Internal Revenue appointed by the Secretary, on the recommendation of the Commissioner, and assigned to districts by the Commissioner, and to have a salary of $3000. The Commissioner has power to appoint twenty-five detectives, and assign them to duty at will. The whole of the present system of revenue inspectors and special agents is abolished at once, and hereafter there are to be no inspectors except tobacco, snuff and cigars. Suits are hereafter to be compromised only by the Secretary and Commissioner. Collectors and Assessors are hereafter to be confined to their own districts, and are subject to suspension by the Supervisors for abuse of power, neglect of duty, etc., revisory authority being in the Commissioner.

The bill is reported to make the number of Internal Revenue officers less than half of what it now is, and will effect a great reduction in expenses.

The prospects for a good cotton crop were never better than they are this season, and without some interposition of Providence the yield will be large for the breadth of land planted. There are, however, many slips between the cup and the lip. It has only been a very few years ago that our planters were almost as hopeful of a large crop as they are now, but the worm came and bankrupted thousands. It would be well to keep an eye upon the crop. An old planter says:

Now that the cotton is small, worms, moths and chrysales can be easily found and destroyed. By gently striking each stalk of cotton with a switch or saddle the caterpillar can be knocked off. A laborer can thus go over about ten acres of cotton per day. The pupæ can at the same time be easily detected, folded up in the leaves. Going over the cotton once in two or three weeks would be sufficient to nearly annihilate the caterpillars.

The cotton markets for the week have been quiet. The Liverpool market opened with Uplands, 11½d; Orleans, 11¾d. Middlings in New York were dull at 32c. There was no change in quotations, we may say, until the close of the week, when they fell off 1d in Liverpool. That market at the opening to-day was quiet, but steady. Uplands 11d; Orleans, 11½d. and closed easier Uplands, 10¾d; Orleans, 11¼d. Sales, 8000 bales.

In New York at the opening to-day cotton was quiet but steady. Middlings, 31½@32, and was unchanged to the close. Sales, 400 bales.

Our market has been very quiet. There are but two tables, we may say, in the market. One of 40 bales and the other of 20 or 25 bales, neither of which will class above Low Middling. The larger list is held at 30c. A bale or two is picked up occasionally, but at irregular rates. We quote a sale to-day of 10 bales of good style of Good Ordinary at 27½c, which was a full figure.

The stock afloat on Friday last was 713,000 bales, of which 21,000 were American. Stock in Liverpool at that date, 553,000, of which 329,000 were American. Receipts at all United States ports for the week ending Saturday, 3200 bales.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MEMPHIS, July 20, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1867	1,080	
Received to-day	13	
Received previously	252,989	253,002
		254,082
Exported to-day		
Exported previously	253,578	253,578
Stock on hand		497

Wholesale Market.

The general markets during the week have been only moderately active. The intensely hot weather which has prevailed all over the country has tended to check operations of every kind, though it has been of great benefit to the growing crops in those sections where rains have fallen. We regret to say that this has not been general. Many of our exchanges from central Mississippi especially are yet complaining of drouth. Some consternation has prevailed among holders of meat in this market since our last, and the market has been quite irregular. The firmness which existed at the opening of the week gave way to a panic, and several lots were sold out at less than they could be replaced for. We quote a sale to-day of 10 casks clearsides on the levee at 16½, which was about ¼c below the market, though lots of even this size are difficult to dispose of under the feeling which pervades the minds of purchasers. Mess Pork remains firm, with no indication of lower rates at present. Lard is also firm and some higher than at our last. The Liverpool market has improved within the week, causing a better feeling with holders here.

Wheat comes in very slowly, though the demand for it is greater than ever for local milling purposes, and if receipts do not improve our mills will soon have to run on short time. We hope that other crops will not prove as mythical as our wheat crop has done. A few acres here and there in a neighborhood has caused an immense cry all over the South that the yield would be very large, but it has turned out that our planters did not know what a wheat crop meant. It is within the memory of many persons yet alive, when ten, yes, five bushels of Irish potatoes were a very large crop for the heaviest farmer. They were placed upon the table as pickles or preserves are now. The wheat crop of this section turns out to be similar to an olden time potato crop, and the ideas of our people in reference to the aggregate of it was as indefinite as about the result of the next war. Sales for the week have been light, but include all received. The demand is active at our quotations.

The dry goods market, though not by any means active, has been quite as animated as last week, and some slight improvement is reported in staple cottons. The stock on hand is very good, but that in the hands of Eastern agents is low, more so than usual at this season.

The boot and shoe trade has shown no change during the week. Firmness characterizes the market, but there is no advance to note. Orders are all small and will be so until the demand arises for full stocks which will, we think, be earlier than usual, by at least two weeks.

The cattle market is poorly supplied with beeves of any kind, while the demand is almost exclusively for choice beeves for butcher's use. Our quotations are nominal. Hogs are also scarce, with a light demand. Sheep are not in large supply, but there is enough to supply the demand, as several droves of Tennessee are held in and around the city.

The grocery market is steady, with moderately fair trade doing in supplies of every kind. Prices are about the same as at our last.

Produce is in demand. Apples, were it not for the difficulty of finding empty barrels for shipping, would be in active demand. Quite a large business was done in this way until packages gave out. Potatoes are in request, with light receipts, compared with last week.

Corn is firm with a good demand. New oats come in daily and are in demand for local feeding purposes. Hay is some scarcer, and prices have advanced. Bran is in fair supply and prices steady.

There is some demand from country dealers for rope, but prices are not yet settled. Todds bagging will sell, we think, at about 17 or 17½c to the trade and 18c in a small way at the opening of the season, while India will not be far off 24@25c. We quote rope at 9@10c, for best makes. Iron ties will run from 7½ to 9c per pound.

APPLES, Green, per barrel	1 00	@ 2 00
BUTTER, per pound, Tubs, good	— 30	@ — 32
Common	— 20	@ — 25
BROOMS, per dozen	1 50	@ 4 00
BEES-WAX, per pound	— 30	@ — 32
CEMENT, per barrel, Rosendale	3 75	@ 4 00
Louisville	3 00	@ 3 25
CANDLES, per pound, Star	— 18½	@ — 19
COFFEE, per pound, Rio	— 27	@ — 28
Laguayra	— 30	@ — 32
Java	— 40	@ — 42
CORN MEAL, Kiln dried and Fresh	4 75	@ 5 00
CHEESE, per pound, Western Reserve	— —	@ — —
English Dairy	— —	@ — —
Factory	— 16	@ — 17
EGGS, per doz n	— 15	@ — 16
FEED, Bran, per ton	24 00	@26 00
Hay, per ton	18 00	@20 00
Corn, per bushel	— 90	@ 1 00
Ear	— 90	@ — 95
Oats	— 75	@ — 80
FLOUR, per barrel, Fine	— —	@ — —
Superfine	6 50	@ 7 50
Superfine	8 50	@ 9 00
Double Extra	9 50	@10 00
Thrible Extra	11 00	@12 00
Fancy Brands	13 00	@14 00
FISH, Mackerel, No. 1, per bbl	— —	@ — —
" No. 2, bbl	11 50	@12 50
" No. 2 h f. bbl	10 50	@11 00
" No. 1, per kit	3 00	@ 3 25
" No. 2, "	2 75	@ 3 00
GREASE, per pound	— 9	@ — 10
GUNPOWDER, Quarter Kegs	2 00	@ — —
half Kegs	3 00	@ — —
Kegs	6 50	@ — —
GRAIN SACKS, Ozanburg, 2 bushel	41	@ 45
" seamless, 2 bushel	50	@ — 55
Hemp, "	40	@ — 45
Burlaps	25	@ — 35
HIDES, per pound, Dry Flint	— 20	@ — 21
Dry Salt	— 17	@ — 18
Green Salt	— 10	@ — 11
Green	— 8	@ — 9
Deer Skins	— 25	@ — 30
Ha Planting	— 5	@ — —
HARDWARE, Nails, per Keg, rates	5 50	@ 6 00
Casting Hollow Ware	— 7½	@ — 10
Bar Iron	— 6	@ — 6½
Horseshoe Iron	— 8	@ — 10
Sheet Steel	— 14	@ — 16
LEATHER, Oak Sole	— 37	@ — 40
Hemlock Sole, No. 1	— 35	@ — 37
" No. 2	— 33	@ — 35
Kip	— 65	@ 1 00
LARD, per pound, In Kegs	— 19	@ — 20
In Tierces	— 19½	@ — 19
LIME, Eureka	2 25	@ — —
Alabama	2 00	@ 2 25
Cape	2 00	@ 2 25
St. Louis	2 00	@ 2 25
MOLASSES, per gallon, Sugar-house	— 65	@ 1 00
Porto Rico	— 65	@ 1 00
Syrups	— 1 00	@ 1 50
OILS, per gallon, Coal	— 40	@ — 45
Lard	1 40	@ 1 75
Linseed	1 20	@ 1 35
Train	— 90	@ 1 10
Turpentine	— 75	@ — 85
POULTRY, per dozen, Spring Chickens	2 50	@ 3 00
Chickens, old	4 50	@ 5 50
PROVISIONS, Pork, mess, per barrel	29 50	@30 00
Prime Mess	27 01	@27 50
Prime Pork	26 00	@26 50
Cargo	25 00	@25 50
Jo ves	19 00	@20 00
Bacon, clear Sides, per lb	— 17	@ — 17½
Clear Ribs Sides	— 16	@ — 17
Ribs	— 15¾	@ — 16¼
Shoulders	— 13¾	@ — 13¾
Breakfast Bacon	— 18	@ — 19
Hams, plain	— 17	@ — 18
Hams, canvassed	— 19	@ — 21
Sugar cured canvassed	— —	@ — —
GUNNIES, New	— 20	@ — 21
Old	— 15	@ — 17
RICE, per pound, In barrels	— 11	@ — 12
In barrels	— —	@ — —
ROSIN, per barrel	3 00	@ 3 25
SUGAR, per pound, Crushed and powdered	— 18½	@ — 19
Clarified	— 17	@ — 18
Coffee A	— 17½	@ — 18
" B	— 17	@ — 17½
" C	— 16	@ — 17
Extra C	— 17	@ — 18
Brown	— 15	@ — 17

SALT,

Per barrel	3 25	@ 3 50
Sack	— —	@ 3 00
SODA, per pound	— 8	@ — 10
SOAP, per pound, German	— 10½	@ — 11
Palm	— 7	@ — 9
Rosin	— 8	@ — 9
SHOT	— 2	@ 2 50
TALLOW, per pound	— 10	@ — 10½
TAR, per dozen kegs	5 75	@ 6 00
TOBACCO, per pound, Extra Bright Medium	1 00	@ 1 25
Medium Bright	— 80	@ — 90
Half pounds Bright	— 75	@ — 85
Common Halves	— 60	@ — 70
Common Pounds	— 60	@ — 70
Smoking, fine and fancy	1 00	@ 1 60
Medium	— 50	@ — 60
Lugs	— 5	@ — 6
Common Leaf	— 8½	@ — 12
Fair	— 15	@ — 18
Selections	— 20	@ — 25
TWINES, per pound	— 18	@ — 20
VEGETABLES, Potatoes, New, per bbl	2 00	@ 2 50
Onions, per bbl	3 00	@ 3 50
VINEGAR, cider, per bbl	8 00	@ 9 00
WHISKY, per gallon Common	80	@ 1 25
Imitation Bourbon	1 50	@ 2 00
Bourbon	2 00	@ 3 00
WHEAT, No. 1	1 90	@ 2 00
No. 2	1 80	@ 1 85
Inferior	1 50	@ 1 65

Cattle and Hog Market.

LIVE STOCK,

Beef Cattle No 1 gross	6	@ — 8
" No. 2 gross	5	@ — 6
Sheep, choice Kentucky	4 00	@ 4 50
" Tennessee	2 50	@ 4 00
Hogs, gross	4½	@ — 6

TRUST SALES.

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to the undersigned by Robert W. Johnson on the 8th of October, 1866, and duly recorded in the records and offices of the counties of Jefferson and Pulaski, State of Arkansas, and now referred to, to secure the indebtedness therein mentioned.

The partnership therein recited having totally failed, and the personal assets been consumed.

The said Robert W. Johnson having been declared a Bankrupt; and there being outstanding incumbrances largely over one hundred dollars prior to the Trust on the property hereinafter set forth: for particulars whereof reference may be had to the Deed of Trust of record as aforesaid, wherein the titles and all incumbrances are recited.

The taxes of 1868 being unpaid, and no funds to pay them nor to pay other existing and current expenses, and our sundry other causes that require the prompt execution of the said Trust.

The undersigned do therefore give this notice, in the Memphis Appeal and Little Rock Gazette, for thirty days, under and by virtue of the powers vested in them by the said Deed, that on the

Twelfth Day of August Next,

Between the hours of 9 a.